W. H. PERRY,
Hardware, Stoves and Tinware.
42 JOHNSON ST.

Victoria Daily Times.

Kronic Koughs and COLDS KURED by C Kuring WHITE PINE BALSAM from C. E. JONES, Kemist, 36 Government St.

VOL. 18 VICTORIA, B. C., THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 21, 1893. No. 222

THE WESTSIDE
IS PREEMINENTLY
THE MANTLE AND JACKET HOUSE
OF THE PROVINCE.

We have no hesitation is saying that our stock of Mantles, Jackets, Capes and Waterproofs is the largest and best assorted in the city. Our sales in this department so far for this fall have been of a most satisfactory nature, thereby assuring us that our efforts are appreciated. We would like every lady in Victoria, whether intending to purchase or not, to visit our showroom, get quotations and compare prices with those of any other store, even if they do pretend to sell at cost. These goods are purchased direct from the manufacturers, and we can afford to sell them at from 25 to 30 per cent. cheaper than houses that have to pay several intermediate profits.

Sept. 21, 1893. J. HUTCHESON & CO.

BEAR IN MIND
That we supply THE TRADE with the Celebrated Woonsocket Brand
RUBBER BOOTS AND SHOES.
SEND ORDERS DIRECT LENZ & LEISER

GREEN, WORLOCK & CO.,
SUCCESSORS TO GARESCHÉ, GREEN & CO.
Established 1873.
— BANKERS —
VICTORIA, B. C.
Deposits received on liberal rates of interest.
Drafts, Orders, Telegraph Transfers and Letters of Credit issued direct on over 10,000 cities in the United States, Canada, Europe, Mexico and China.
Collections made at every point.
Gold Dust purchased at highest market rates.
— AGENTS FOR —
WELLS, FARGO & COMP'Y

W. H. PERRY,

"HAPPY THOUGHT" RANGE.
Builders' Hardware, Stoves, Tinware and Graniteware, Sheet Metal Works, Cornice Work, Sky-Lights And Roofing.
42 Johnson St., VICTORIA, B.C.

WEILER BROS.
Latest Arrivals
Japanese Leather Paperhangings, 36 in. wide
Japanese Drapery Crepes, 27 in. wide
Art Cambric Prints } For Curtains,
Sateen Cretone } Draperies, Etc.
White Satin Finish & Marcella Bed Quilts
Table, Banquet and Library Lamps
Tea Kettles with Wrought Iron Stands
New additions to Furniture and Carpet Stocks always arriving.
SHOW ROOMS: 51 TO 55 FORT ST.

YOUR MONEY'S WORTH FOR YOUR MONEY
Is what you receive from us.
Satisfaction guaranteed or money refunded.
The finest assortment of Ready-Made Clothing ever seen in British Columbia is now on exhibition at our store. While others are complaining of hard times we are selling more good ready-made Suits than ever before. See our windows. Suits from $15 to $25, and no trouble to sell them: they sell themselves because they are just what the people want. No other stores have the same class of goods.
We have all sizes up to 50 in. chest measure. Suits for big men a specialty.
We have all styles—Single and Double Breasted Sac., Single and Double Breasted Frock, Full Dress Suits, Eaton Suits. An inspection solicited.
Boot and Shoe Department next door below.
35 & 37 Johnson St., Victoria. GILMORE & McCANDLESS.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

WANTED—To go out sewing by the day. Apply to dressmaker, 122 Yates St. s21-2t

TO LET, Chatham street. House with 8 rooms, bath with hot and cold water, closet; buddo house. House warmed by hot air. Rent, $17.50. Apply R. H. Bayne, 50 1-2 Govt. St. s21-tf

FOR SALE—A thoroughbred Hambletonian mare, young, quiet and gentle, a good driver. Will be sold cheap. Apply No. 6 Harrison St. s21-3t

YOUNG LADY desires position in a Photographer's. Address D., Times office. s21-3t

FOR SALE—A fine six-ton sloop in good repair, sails, etc., all complete. Apply to F. H. Warrington, California Hotel. 1t

$100 REWARD

Will be paid for information that will lead to the recovery of 177 seal skins stolen from the schooner Ocean Belle at Grant's wharf last night and the arrest of the thieves.
Sept. 21, 1893. RICHARD HALL.

To the London and Canadian Fire Insurance Company, Limited.
Gentlemen: We have duly received your cheque for $5000 this day in settlement of our claim for loss sustained by the fire which occurred in Kamloops on the 18th inst., and beg to thank you for your promptitude.
E. G. PRIOR & COMPANY, Ltd.
Sept 20, 1893. 1t

TO CAPITALISTS.

Silks and Teas.

FOR SALE—The undersigned will dispose of a business connection with China and Japan for $5000 cash.
C. P. McCOLL,
Corner Clarke and Taunton Streets, Spring Ridge, Victoria, B. C. s21-1m

Notice to Carpenters and Others.

Tenders are required for the erection of six (6) two-story Frame Dwellings at Victoria.
Plans and specifications can be seen at my office, where tenders will be received up till 12 o'clock noon, of Wednesday next, September 27th, 1893. The lowest or any tender will not necessarily be accepted.
J. GERHARD TIARKS,
Architect.
39½ Government Street, Sept. 21st.—2t.

NOTICE.

The North and South Saanich Agricultural Society's Annual Exhibition has been postponed until the 19th and 20th of October, in order to secure a better display of exhibits.
Horse Racing on the second day of the Show. Refreshments will be provided. A Ball will be held on the evening of the 20th. W R ARMSTRONG,
sept21-td Secretary.

NOT RESPONSIBLE.

American Schooner
"Wm. Bowden"
CARL FJERSEN, Master.

Neither Capt Fjersen nor the undersigned will be responsible for any debts contracted by the crew.
ROB'T WARD & CO., Limited Liability,
Temple Building,
se21-2w Agents and Consignees.

AN ELOCUTIONERY AND MUSICAL

Entertainment

In aid of the Royal Naval Sailors Rest at Esquimalt, will be given in the Metropolitan Lecture Room, Pandora Ave., Wednesday evening, Sept. 27, at 8 o'clock, under the auspices of the Y.W.C.T.U. Dr. George, of Seattle will give readings, Professor Buck, Barritone, Miss Sharp, principal of Conservatory of Music, Miss O'Neil, and others will assist. Commence at 8 o'clock. Admission 50 cents. s21-td

Atlantic Shipping.

New York, Sept. 21.—Arrived, Teutonic, Queenstown; Havel, Southampton; Grecian, Glasgow.
Arrived out—Spree at Southampton, Werra at Genoa, Diamant at Rotterdam, Chester at Rotterdam, Moravia at Hamburg, Peruvian at Glasgow.
Sighted—Suevia, for Hamburg, off the Lizard; Ronans, for Liverpool, passed Kinsale.
Sailed from foreign ports—Aller, from Southampton for New York; Spaardam, from Rotterdam for New York.

World's Fair Closing.

Chicago, Sept. 21.—The executive committee of the World's Fair directory met last night and decided to promptly close the fair on October 31st. This practically settles all the talk of extension. Another 20 per cent. was ordered paid of the bonded indebtedness, making a total of 70 per cent. of the $4,450,000 now ordered to be paid. The committe estimates that it will have $500,000 surplus on November 1st after payment of bonded and floating debt. This will be part of the $11,000,000 stock and bonds of the city of Chicago.

PEIXOTO DOOMED

Brazil's President Knows That He Rules No Longer.

MELLO COMMANDS THE SITUATION

Starvation Threatens the Inhabitants of the City.

San Paolo Declares For the Rebels.—Rio Grande do Sul to be Stormed—Revolutionists Hurrying to Join the Admiral—Everything Ready to Rain Death on Rio.

Montevideo, Sept. 21.—The policy of Adl. Mello seems to be to starve Rio into submission before again opening fire on the city. All vessels with supplies are prevented from entering the city. For the present hostilities are suspended. By the capture of Nictherey Admiral Mello obtained a large supply of coal, provisions and ammunition. The government forces lost 60 killed and 120 wounded in the fight. The rebel fleet now consists of six warships, three torpedo boats, many tugs, transports and launches, all well provisioned The British legation intends to file a claim against the Brazilian government for cutting off cable communication.

Mail advices received here state that President Peixoto knew ten days ago that his defeat was inevitable. He defied the revolutionists only because the ministry advised him to do so.

In Montevideo it is firmly believed the success of Admiral Mello means the restoration of the monarchy.

From the south news has been received which is unfavorable to Peixoto. It is reported that the state of San Paolo has declared in favor of the rebels. All indications point to their success. It has been learned that the rebel warship Republica and four gunboats have put to sea. Their destination is Rio Grande do Sul. On board the Republica are several chiefs of Mello's party. The vessel will go first to Santos, afterwards to Rio Grande, where the navy will cooperate with the land forces under General Saraiva. The garrison in the fort at Rio Grande is all prepared to resist an attack which is expected from th Republica.

By forced marches the land forces of the revolters in Santa Ana have advanced towards Rio Grande City. It is proposed to attack by sea and land simultaneously, by the bombardment of the city by the Republica and other rebel ships.

In Porto Alegro many known sympathisers of the revolutionary case are under arrest. The prisons are full of suspects, while forty adherents of Admiral Mello are on board the steamer Ecuador hurrying to join his forces. The federal forces in Rio Grande have begun to attack Eugenio, which is defended by 600 Castilhista troops.

London, Sept. 21.—Dispatches from Rio de Janeiro state that the situation there is unchanged. No notice has been taken of the threat of Admiral Mello, commander of the rebel squadron. The general opinion is that negotiations, if Admiral Mello should enter into them, would be fruitless, as it is believed he is determined upon the unconditional surrender of the capital. Excitement continues to-day, and it is expected that the bombardment will soon commence. The rebel vessels are in a position to pour a ferocious fire upon the city. The wealthier residents have already fled the place.

New York, Sept. 21.—The steamer Whitby arrived here yesterday from Rio de Janeiro. She left Rio just before the outbreak of the revolution. "When I left Rio on August 22nd," said Capt. Ormiston, "there was no fighting. The Brazilian fleet, the American gunboat Yorktown and a British gunboat were in the harbor. There was a good deal of grumbling in Rio. People said that times were hard enough under the emperor yet in these days they knew not what they had. The Brazilian navy wants to see Brazil an empire. It was down in the Argentine country that things were lively. We were in the La Plata river a part of July. There were many skirmishes between the rebels and provisional government's forces. The general government troops stood back waiting for the other parties to get worn out, and then they expected to sweep down and end the whole business. We saw an engagement between rebels and provisional government forces on July 3rd. It took place on the outskirts of Buenos Ayres. There were about 1000 on each side. The battle lasted half a day. The rebels drove the government forces before them as far as La Plata, and about 150 men were killed. The troops of the central government were then holding Buenos Ayres. There was some lively fighting at Rosario I heard 150 were killed there. The U. S. corvette Yantic was there when the fight began and bullets whizzed through the rigging. I heard the commander of the corvette sent a company of marines ashore to protect the property of American citizens."

A Baptist Pioneer Dead.

Halifax, N. S., Sept. 21.—Rev. Nathan Videto is dead, aged 88. He was one of the oldest pioneers in the Nova Scotia Baptist church. He was 60 years in the ministry, 40 of which were spent as pastor of the church at Paradis.

Baffled Train Robbers.

Centralia, Ill., Sept. 21.—The robber who was wounded in attempting to stop the New Orleans express last night gave the name of Geo. Jones. On his person were found passes for Daniel Jones and a travelling card from the Chicago Order of Railway Trainmen, issued Aug. 24th, also a switchman's card issued for the Santa Fe route in Kansas City. He gave the names of the names of the other two robbers, Martin Nichols and J. Hardin. There was some talk by the passengers of hanging Jones to a telegraph pole, but the Centralia police protected him and he was locked under a heavy guard in the city jail. The wounded robber received a charge of shot over the left eye. Engineer Ben. Young of the train was shot in the shoulder and the centre of the back. The fireman was hit in the chin by a ball, which lodged in the back of his head. All are alive.

English Opinions of Galt.

London, Sept. 21.—Sir Alexander Galt's death is generally noticed by the press to-day. The Times describes him as a distinguished member of a family which for 75 years has played an important part in the making of Canadian history.
The Chronicle, referring to the various positions he held, says that he always made his mark as a broad-minded and cultured statesman.
The Pall Mall Gazette says the late gentleman's career during the period when he was finance minister of Canada was a brilliant success.
Similar appropriate references were made by other journals. The Canadian Gazette, in a lengthy notice, describes Sis Alexander Galt as the most brilliant after dinner speaker Canada ever produced.

BOYD OF BRUNSWICK.

The Senator Practically Elected Lieut.-Gov.—Lord Aberdeen's Work.

Ottawa, Sept. 21.—Senator Boyd of New Brunswick is as good as appointed lieutenant-governor of that province. Mr. Burns, M.P., who was his only opponent, has given up the contest, and said today that there was nothing left but to make Boyd's appointment certain. No one else seriously entertained thoughts of contesting it. Burns says the sole objection to him (Burns) was because he was a Roman Catholic. Controller Wallace had declared against his appointment, and Sir John Thompson had to obey.
As soon as Lord Aberdeen reaches this city it is said he will be asked to sign an order in council making Searth lieutenant-governor of Manitoba. Mackintosh's appointment to the Northwest will be made known at the same time.
Comptroller Wood has under consideration the question of placing under the department's supervision the opium refineries in British Columbia.

Parliament of Religions.

Chicago, Sept. 21.—Visitors from foreign parts provided a goodly portion of to-day's programme at the world's parliament of religions in the scientific section. An address upon the native religions of Spain and Australasia was made by Rene Momula Masequoi; on Siberia and Africa by Rev. J. T. Paton of New Hebrides. After these Prof. Jean Revelle of Paris and Rev. Mr. Irwin Maxwell spoke on classifications of religion. In the Hall of Washington another contribution to the voluminous information concerning Budhism that has already been given to the parliament was afforded. Rev. Pitanzen Ashishu of India gave an interesting narration on the women of India. The influences of Christianity upon them was given by Miss Jeanne Serdiji of Bombay.

The American Senate.

Washington, Sept. 21.—There were many empty seats in the house at noon to-day, not more than 100 members being present when the speaker called the house to order. Pfeiffer, of Kansas, reintroduced his bill to provide for bureau loans, and asked that it lie on the table for the present. It is with some modifications the same that he introduced in May, 1892. Mr. Platt of Conecticut offered the resolution for the cloture, of which he gave notice last Tuesday, to facilitate the transaction of business. The rules of the senate as they stood today made it almost impossible to transact business. The senate is fast losing the respect of the people, and is coming to be considered a body which exists for the purpose of retarding and obstructing legislation.
The fight over the federal election bill was begun this morning by a report from the committee on rules providing a cloture rule, by which a vote will be taken on the measure on Oct. 10th.

The Southern Lynchings.

Baton Rouge, La., Sept. 21.—Governor Foster said to-day relative to the Jefferson parish lynching that he had not received any information on the matter except through the press.
Roanoke, Va., Sept. 21.—The negro Tom Smith was found where the authorities tried to secrete him early this morning and was summarily lynched. The body was afterwards taken to the river bank in the western part of the city and burned in the presence of an infuriated mob of 1,000 men.

Miss Gilmour's Murder.

San Francisco, Sept. 21.—The police authorities claim to have evidence enough to convict Dr. West of the murder of Ada Gilmour. One of the strong features will be the admission he made to her father. The deceased girl's parents live at Portland, Oregon, and the first intimation they had was received on the overland train during their recent trip from there to this city.
Colusa, Cal., Sept. 21.—The funeral of Miss Gilmour will not take pace to-day as was proposed; the coroner's jury not being satisfied with the identification of the head. It will probably not take place till Saturday. Her dentist goes to San Francisco from Chico to-day to examine her teeth and see if it is his work.
San Francisco, Sept. 21.—All attempts to interview Dr. West this morning failed. Miss Annie Staley, who is believed to be intimately connected with the case, also refuses to talk. Both have consulted attorneys. It is learned there is evidence that Miss Gilmour was nursed in Dr. West's back room for four days, during which period Miss Staley was at the office almost constantly. The patient remained there until Saturday night, when she died. It was then that the doctor conceived the plan of cutting up the body and removing it piece by piece to avoid detection. Dr. Stuart, the Chico dentist who performed dental work for Miss Gilmour, has gone to San Rafael for the purpose of identifying the skull.

LOVE TRAGEDY

Miss Montague of the Empire Theatre and Her Lover.

MEET SUDDEN AND BLOODY DEATH

Percy, Her Discarded Suitor, Takes Terrible Revenge.

Follows the Pair From the Theatre Door—Overtakes Them in a Quiet Street—Shoots Them Both Dead Then Commits Suicide—Emperor Wilhelm's Courtesy Appreciated.

London, Sept. 21.—Much excitement has been caused in music hall circles by the shooting of Miss Daisy Montague, the well-known dancer of the Empire theatre, and the gentleman who was escorting her home. Police investigation into the shooting revealed the fact that the murderer, after fatally shooting Miss Montague and her escort, committed suicide by shooting himself. He was Leo Percy, an electrician. The shooting was prompted by jealousy. Percy had been engaged to marry Miss Montague, but a short time ago the latter broke off the engagement, having formed a friendship with the man whom Percy shot this morning. Percy brooded over his disappointment, and attributed Miss Montague's action in breaking the engagement to the fact that the man who had supplanted him in her affections had more money, being a wealthy tradesman named Samuel Garcia. Last night after the Empire theatre closed, Percy, who watched Miss Montague, saw her meet Garcia and start for home with him. Percy followed them, and when a quiet street was reached he quickened his steps and came close behind, drew a revolver and fired several shots, all of which took effect. A constable heard the shots and ran in the direction whence the sounds came. When he arrived he found Miss Montague and Garcia lying on the sidewalk with blood pouring from their wounds, while behind them lay Percy.

Wilhelm's Courtesy Approved.

Berlin, Sept. 21.—The papers speak highly of Emperor William, who on hearing of Prince Bismarck's illness offered him one of the imperial castles as a residence. The National Zeitung says: "The emperor's endeavor to restore friendly relations, which ought never to have been severed, will receive the warm approval of the majority."

NEWS OF THE DOMINION.

Alarming Fire in Quebec—Threshing Machine Accidents.

Quebec, Sept. 21.—There is a fierce fire raging at Sillery, where it broke out in one of the small stores. At first it was thought the fire could be confined to the store, but it spread so threateningly that help was telephoned for from this city. Chief Dorval of the fire department has gone to Sillery with three engines and reels. It is reported many buildings have been torn down to prevent the spread of the flames. The church is threatened with destruction. A strong wind is blowing and the firemen will have difficulty in subduing the flames.
Montreal, Sept. 21.—Coroner McMahon held an inquest yesterday at 498 Beaudry street on the body of a child two years of age, who died on Tuesday. Her mother had let a large caldron of boiling water fall on her. The verdict returned was death due to scalding, with a rider to the effect that the mother was to blame for negligence.
Kingston, Ont., Sept. 21.—Two threshing machine accidents are reported. Jas. Collins, at work near Bath, noticed the belts slipping off; he sprang to adjust it when he slipped and his leg was drawn into the cylinder. Amputation was resorted to, but death followed. Yesterday Patrick McEwen, at work near Erinsville, was similarly caught and will likely die.

Amending Geary's Act.

Washington, Sept. 21.—The meeting of the house committee on foreign affairs to-day developed discussion on the McCreary substitute for the Everett bill to amend and modify the Geary registration act. The substitute proposes to amend section six of the act of May 5, 1892, in these important particulars, first, extend for the period of six months from date the passage of the bill within which time the Chinese residents may provide themselves with certificates and register. Second, strikes out the word white from definition of witnesses by whom Chinamen may prove right of residence. Third, adds the folowing definition of Chinese laborer: "Laborer or laborers, whenever used in this act or an act to which this is an amendment shall be construed to mean both skilled and unskilled manual laborers, including Chinese employed in mining, fishing, huckstering, peddling, laundrying, those engaged in drying or otherwise preserving shell or other fish for home consumption or exportation." Geary proposed an amendment requiring that Chinese be photographed, the photograph to be attached to the registration certificate, but no action will be taken on this proposition until Tuesday next, by which time a special meeting will be held. When Geary offered this amendment the hour for the meeting of the house had almost arrived, and as he would be absent from the city over Sunday en route to meet his wife who is coming to Washington from California, the committee agreed to postpone action until his return. There was a full attendance of members to-day, and with the exception of Mr. Geary, it is believed all will unanimously favor Mr. McCreary's bill.

Go See Cleveland.

San Francisco, Sept. 21.—It is stated that the suspended silver mines in Colorado, Utah and Montana owe the San Francisco Powder Company upwards of $300,000, which it is impossible to collect. Requests for payment are answered, "Go see Cleveland."

VARIOUS VIEWS.

Opinions Of Interested People Upon the Geary Law.

New York, Sept. 20.—If the Methodists have their say there can be no doubt as to the ultimate repeal of the Geary law. Relating to the exclusion of the Chinese from this country, at the July meeting of the board of managers of the Mission Society of the Methodist Episcopal church, a resolution was adopted, asking the annual conference of the church to follow the executive body in sending petitions to Congress, praying for the repeal of the law, in order that there might be no mistake concerning the real sentiment of the church on the question. The request of the board is being complied with, and petitions are pouring in upon members of the Senate and House in vast numbers. The annual conferences of the church are now being held throughout the west, and will continue for a month, before the expiration of that time, petitions signed by more than 8000 ministers, who represent more than 1,250,000 individual members of the church, will be in the hands of Senators and Congressmen. These petitions are unanimous in their expressions of condemnation of the act, and come from all parts of the west.

Washington, Sept. 20.—Rev. Gilbert Reid, missionary to China, who is spending a vacation in the United States after ten years' service in that country, was before a sub-committee of the Senate committee on foreign relations advocating his bill (introduced into the Senate by Mr. Hoar, and in the House by Mr. Hitt), to amend the Geary law so as to make the legislation regulating the immigration and registration of Chinese subjects into the United States conform to the treaties between the two countries. He will, if possible, repeat his argument to-morrow before the House committee on foreign affairs. Mr. Reid says that Mr. Geary's bill introduced yesterday to suspend all immigration into the United States for a period of five years, is right in line with his own proposition, and as far as the Chinese are concerned, he (Mr. Reid) proposed to suspend the immigration of Chinese laborers into the United States until the governments of the two nations agree by treaty to reopen it. Mr. Reid says he believes from what the Chinese officials have told him, that their government would not ask the United States to admit laborers from that country in 50 years.

THE BRITISH HOUSE.

Regulations for the Indian Army—Labor Members Criticised.

London, Sept. 20.—In the House of Commons to-day questions were asked regarding "chakla women" in the Indian cantonments. Some time ago the Earl of Kimberley, Secretary of State for India, appointed a committee to enquire into the rules, regulations and practices in the cantonments and elsewhere in India with regard to these women. The appointment of the committee was the outcome of the charges made against the Indian authorities by Mrs. Andrew and Dr. Kate Bushnell, two American ladies, who were acting as the representatives of the British committee for the abolition of the state regulation of vice. The object of the committee was to ascertain how far the practice accorded with the resolution passed by the House of Commons in 1888 in opposition to the compulsory examination of the women and licensing them. The committee reported that the system and the incidental practices described did not, and the statutory rules, so far as they authorise or permit the same, do not accord with the accepted meaning and intention of the resolution of the House of Commons. To-day George E. Russell, parliamentary secretary of the Indian office, announced to the House, in response to the questions asked upon the subject, that the government would promote a bill dealing with the matter.

Rt. Hon. Herbert Asquith, Home Secretary, in the House of Commons to-day, severely criticised the attitude of Messrs. Woods, Pickard and Hardie, the labor members of hte House. Mr. Asquith referred in strong terms of disapproval to the advice given by the gentlemen referred to to the striking coal miners. This advice, he declared, was leading the strikers astray on the functions of the government in repressing riots. He urged that good sense and moderation should be exercised on all sides to end the strikes. Mr. Asquith announced that a special commission ould be appointed to enquire into the deaths of rioters who had been killed in conflicts with the troops and otherwise.

Stocks and Bonds.

New York, Sept. 20.—Money on call, 3 to 6. Foreign exchange, sterling, 4.83 1-2 for 60 days; 4.86 1-2 on demand. The stock market was dull again to-day. In the early trading prices were generally lower, some disappointment having been occasioned by the fact that advices from Washington did not fully bear out yesterday's dispatches in regard to a probable early vote by the Senate on the Sherman repeal measure. The lowest figures of the day were generally touched during the first half hour of business. The decline having failed to force out any considerable amount of long stock, the room traders took alarm and promptly started in to cover. A rise of 1-2 to 2 1-2 per cent. followed. Specualtion continued strong until shortly before the close, when sugar reached 1 1-2, and the remainder of the list, 1-4 to 1 per cent. There was little in the way of news to affect prices, and the market left off dull and steady in tone. The total transactions of the day were 175,794 shares. Closing bids: Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe, 20 1-4; Chicago, urlington & Quincy, 84; Canadian Pacific, 75; Central Pacific, 21; Erie, 15 1-2; Wells Fargo, 140; Great Northern, preferred, 115; Missouri Pacific, 26 1-4; New York Central, 103; Northern Pacific, 8 1-8; Northern Pacific, preferred, 24 1-2; Northwest, 99 3-4; Oregon Navigation, 50; Oregon Improvement, 14; Pacific Mail, 15; Union Pacific, 21 7-8; Western Union Telegraph, 82; bar silver, 74 1-8. Bonds: Union Pacific, firsts, 104; Central Pacific, firsts, 103; Northern Pacific, firsts, 106 1-4.

General Dispatches.

London, Sept. 20.—There was a long discussion in the commons last evening in regard to Mashonaland. T. P. Buxton, parliamentary secretary of the colonial office, admitted that the situation in that country was becoming graver.

London, Sept. 20.—Gen. Sir Henry Wylie Norman, governor of Queensland, who was appointed a short time ago to succeed the Marquis of Lansdowne as governor-general of India, has declined to accept the offer. He bases his declination upon his doubts as to his strength to fulfill the duties of viceroy.

Berlin, Sept. 20.—It is stated that Emperor William, upon hearing of Prince Bismarck's illness, sent a dispatch to the ex-chancellor from Guens expressing his sympathy and offering him one of the imperial castles for a residence in view of the unfavorable climatic conditions of Friedrichsruhe. Prince Bismarck, it is said, sent a long telegram in response, in which he cordially thanked the emperor for his offer, but said he was obliged to decline it, as Dr. Schweniger, his physician, was opposed to his changing residences.

AMERICAN NEWS NOTES

Daily Chronicle of Events in The Great Republic.

Washington, Sept. 20.—No news concerning the state of matters in Brazil has come to the state department in several days. Telegraphic communication has been suspended, and even official dispatches from the United States minister are supposed to be held by the Brazilian authorities. Up to the hour of closing this afternoon nothing had been heard at the navy department from the United States ship Charleston, now at Montevideo repairing her steering gear and taking on coal. She expects to leave for Rio de Janeiro when these matters have been attended to.

Fortress Monroe, Va., Sept. 20.—The United States cruiser Newark passed out of Norfolk for Rio, Brazil at 3:45 to-day.

Port Angeles, Sept. 20.—On Monday the state began the preliminary examination of Judge Samuel P. Carusi before Judge C. W. Brewster, justice of the peace, upon the charge of shooting Dr. I. R. Herrick on Sept. 5 last. The case came to a sudden termination yesterday at the close of the testimony for the state, when the attorneys for the defendant made a motion for the discharge of Carusi on the ground that the evidence adduced by the state fully exonerated and justified Judge Carusi in the firing of the fatal shot. The evidence was formally reported, showing Herrick to be the attacking party, he using a deadly weapon and striking Carusi repeatedly upon the head until he became dazed, bewildered, irresponsible, when the fatal shot was fired, and that the whole affray only lasted four or five seconds. The court granted the motion of the defendant and discharged Judge Carusi.

Spokane, Sept. 20.—Archduke Franz Ferdinand, heir to the Austrian throne, crossed the Canadian border at 10 o'clock yesterday and arrived here at 3 o'clock and went east over the Northern Pacific. Brig.-Gen. Carlin, who is here reviewing the encampment of 500 troops of the regular army, acting under directions from the war department, extended an invitation to the prince to inspect or review the force under his command. But Gen. Count Wurmbrand, head chamberlain in waiting, replied that the prince was travelling incognito, and therefore declined the invitation.

Chicago, Sept. 20.—Kate Kane wants to secure a position on the supreme bench and to that end is circulating a petition in the superior court and is receiving hundreds of signatures daily throughout the city. The indications are that she will secure the requisite 5,000 names before the end of this week. Miss Kane says she will have 6,000 signatures, so as to be on the safe side should there be any duplications or mistakes in the petition. She is in the field to stay, she says, and is sure that her ambition will be realized. Kate Kane is well known in Chicago legal circles, and is looked upon as a nuisance by the legal fraternity of the Lake City. About a year ago she attacked the assistant prosecuting attorney of Chicago and broke an umbrella over his head. At one time in Milwaukee she distinguished herself by throwing a glass of water in the face of the judge who was presiding over the case in which she was counsel. At another time, soon after her arrival in Chicago, she called at the jail to see a prisoner and was refused admittance because she had no order. She became fighting mad at once, and pulling off one of her rubber overshoes, she struck the jailer over the head with it.

Washington, Sept. 20.—The following dispatch from M. E. Wyman, agent at the Crow Indian agency, Montana, was received at the interior department this afternoon. "While out gathering children for the school near Wet's place, at Prior Creek, yesterday, four of my Indian police were about a quarter of a mile ahead of me when they saw two white men with a saddle horse and a pack horse. The started to run. The police followed them, when the men ambushed. I drove up near the ambush, when both came out and began firing upon us with Winchesters. One ball passed through the breast of my coat and another bullet struck the policeman "House Bird" in the stomach, killing him. The other three policemen then opened fire with their revolvers, killing both instantly.

Tacoma, Wash., Sept. 20.—A dispatch from St. Paul announces that the attorneys for Krug, Seattle's defaulting treasurer, have secured a writ of habeas corpus, returnable at the district court at St. Paul to-morrow at 2 p. m. Detectives stand ready to arrest Krug immediately on a charge of embezzlement if he should be released. He is now held simply as a fugitive from justice.

Seattle, Sept. 20.—Every seat and box in the Seattle theatre was sold to-night for the Irving performance and over 200 stood up. The actual receipts were $3,865. Mr. Irving plays in Tacoma tomorrow night.

Prolong the Years of the Aged!

Father and Mother Can be Made Happy!

The aged can be made happy, healthy and contented and their lives greatly extended if they receive what they most need in their declining years. This is accomplished by using Paine's Celery Compound two or three times a day.

This magnificent remedy keeps up the nerve power, corrects digestion, clears the brain and produces sound and natural sleep. Once these results are secured the aged man and woman go on from day to day in perfect health and become a source of joy to all around them.

Help the old people; give them more care and attention; procure for them Paine's Celery Compound if they are complaining. Remember the old folk once were your protectors and guardians; they shared your joys and sorrows and alleviated your pains and distress. Do something for them now before the dark grave is reached.

Razors and shaving materials of best Sheffield make at Fox's, 78 Government street. Satisfaction guaranteed.

CATHOLIC SECRET COUNCIL.

Proceedings of the Roman Archbishops' Conclave Last Week.

New York, Sept. 21.—Within a few days there will be forwarded to Rome an elaborate report of the proceedings of the secret council of Roman Catholic archbishops held last week in Chicago, together with a number of recommendations that are submitted for the consideration and judgment of the holy father. Under the rules of the church no official statement regarding these proposals can be made public until they have been passed upon by the Vatican, but it is understood upon eminent authorities that if one at least of the suggestions is approved a large number of secret societies will very shortly be removed from the ban of the church. These will include about all of the organizations which are of a fraternal and benevolent nature, having sick benefits and death insurance, and the oaths of which simply pledge the members to be true to their country and the order with which they are identified.

Should the recommendations of the archbishops in this connection be ratified it would enable hundreds of thousands of members of the Catholic church to identify themselves with fraternal societies which are now under the ban simply because of their secret character. It is also understood that the report cordially indorsed the suggestion that has already come from the Vatican concerning the erection of a permanent residence for Mgr. Satolli, the papal legate, and suggested a method by which the necessary funds may be subscribed by a nominal contribution from every Catholic priest in the United States. A broadening of the curriculum of studies at Washington University is also strongly favored.

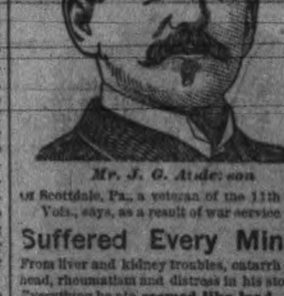
The report is replete with expressions of devotion to the Pope, and expresses the gratification of the faithful in this country at the fact that he still continues in an excellent state of health.

Madame Laird.

Having resigned her position at the Conservatory of Music, has opened a studio for instruction in vocal music at her residence, 161 Vancouver, street, corner of Pandora.

She Gave Him a Cheque.

But for my husband I might have gone to jail once," laughed a bright little business woman the other day. "It was in honeymoon time, and, like many brides, I thought all my husband's belongings were mine, and what was mine was my own, as the saying goes. During his absence a man called with a bill for $80. I got the cheque book, made out a cheque, signed my husband's name, and paid the account. The next day a bank messenger came in with what he said was a forgery, and for a while the air was blue. Finally I mustered courage to explain, but since then I have never signed my husband's name to cheques nor opened his letters. I find the rule 'mind your own business' works as well at home as in the store.—New York Sun.



Mr. J. G. Anderson

of Scottdale, Pa., a veteran of the 11th Penn. Vols., says, as a result of war service he

Suffered Every Minute

From liver and kidney troubles, catarrh in the head, rheumatism and distress in his stomach Everything he ate **seemed like lead.** Sleep was restless, and in the morning he seemed more tired than when he went to bed. He says:

Hood's Sarsaparilla

and Hood's Pills did me more good than everything else put together. All my disagreeable symptoms have gone." Be sure to get Hood's.

HOOD'S PILLS are the best after-dinner Pills. They assist digestion and cure headache.

NOTICE

Notice is hereby given that application will be made to the Parliament of Canada, at its next session, for an Act to revive, continue and extend the time within which the Victoria, Saanich and New Westminster Railway Company, incorporated in the session of 1891, may construct its works and for other purposes.

By order of Provisional Directors.
A. DECOSMOS,
President V. S. & N. W. Ry. Co.
Victoria, B. C., July 10, 1893. j10-tf

EVERY Family Student School Library S-H-O-U-L-D Own a Dictionary.

Care should be taken to GET THE BEST.

WEBSTER'S INTERNATIONAL DICTIONARY

THE INTERNATIONAL, NEW FROM COVER TO COVER, IS THE ONE TO BUY.

SUCCESSOR OF THE UNABRIDGED. Ten years spent in revising, 100 editors employed, over $300,000 expended.

Sold by all Booksellers.

G. & C. MERRIAM CO., Publishers, Springfield, Mass., U. S. A.

Do not buy reprints of obsolete editions.

Send for free pamphlet containing specimen pages and full particulars.

— WILCOX'S COMPOUND —

TANSY ● PILLS

Perfectly Safe and Sure when all others Fail. If your Druggist don't keep them, send 4 cents for sealed package for "WOMAN'S SAFE GUARD" and receive the only absolutely reliable remedy by mail. WILCOX SPECIFIC CO., Phila., Pa.

The Ideal Food for Infants
—IS—
Milk Granules

because it is practically identical in composition, taste and appearance with

Mother's Milk.

It digests thoroughly without causing an undue tax on the vital energies of the infant's stomach.

Ask for

JOHNSTON'S FLUID BEEF

The Great . . Strength Giver.

If You Need a Tonic
TAKE
STAMINAL

It not only stimulates, but builds up and strengthens. You get a tonic and a food combined in the form of

Palatable Beef Tea.

LOST OR FAILING MANHOOD,

General and Nervous Debility,

Weakness of Body and Mind. Effects of Errors or Excesses in Old or Young. Robust, Noble Manhood fully Restored. How to enlarge and Strengthen Weak, Undeveloped Organs and Parts of Body. Absolutely unfailing Home Treatment—Benefits in a day. Men testify from 50 States and Foreign Countries. Write them. Descriptive Book, explanation and proofs mailed (sealed) free.

ERIE MEDICAL CO., Buffalo, N.Y.

TRADE MARK BIG G — CURE YOURSELF!

Ask your Druggist for a bottle of Big G. The only non-poisonous remedy for all the unnatural discharges and private diseases of men and the debilitating weakness peculiar to women. It cures in a few days without the aid or publicity of a doctor. The Universal American Cure. Manufactured by The Evans Chemical Co. CINCINNATI, O. U. S. A. PRICE $1.00

VICTORIA RICE MILLS

ROLLER FLOUR MILL

62, 64 & 66 Store St., Victoria.

JOHN MESTON

CARRIAGE MAKER

BLACKSMITH, ETC.

Broad street, between Johnson and Pandora streets.
VICTORIA, B. C.

VICTORIA OPTICAL CO.,

The Leading Opticians. 100 Government St.

Perfected Spectacles and Eye-glasses on hand and carefully adjusted. Satisfaction guaranteed. Optical goods of every description. Repairing in all branches done with neatness and despatch. No fancy prices.

A. HYAMS - - Manager

FARM FOR SALE.

A FARM OF TWO HUNDRED ACRES ON West Saanich road, about eight miles from Victoria. Sixty acres good bottom land; forty acres cleared, well ditched and fenced. Price $30 per acre; half cash, balance on time. Apply to GEORGE LINDSAY, 17m29 Third street Victoria

INFORMATION FURNISHED ABOUT THE KOOTENAY COUNTRY

The publishers of THE MINER will answer any inquiries in regard to the general outlook and future prospects of the Kootenay Country to subscribers. If you want to start in business in any of the cities, they will advise you about the population and the prospects for any particular or general line of trade.

The subscription price of THE MINER, a 12 page weekly journal, is $2.00 per year. It is the oldest established paper in the district.

THE MINER PRINTING & PUBLISHING CO.
NELSON, B. C.
(Mention this paper.)

Royal Agricultural and Industrial Society of B.C.

Exhibition

And Grand

Celebration

At New Westminster,

—ON—

Tuesday,	September,
Wednesday	
Thursday	26, 27, 28, 29,
Friday,	1893.

$15,000 Prizes

This exhibition Celebration is the Largest in the Dominion west of Toronto, and the Liberality of the Premium List and Prizes is unequalled in Western Canada.

First Annual Meet, Division No. 11 Canadian Wheelmen's Association

To decide Provincial Championship. The most important cycling event ever held in the Province.

Acquatic Sports and Canoe Races

Which will include Indian Races in War Canoes.

Entirely new feature of a

Log Chopping Contest

In which a large number of the best Axemen in the Province will take part. This competition is open to all comers, and handsome gold medals will be awarded the winners.

Horse Races.

Championship Lacrosse Match

Victoria vs. Westminster. Also Junior Lacrosse Tournament for Championship trophy.

Rugby and Association Football Matches, Sailors' Sports, Field Sports, Rifle Matches, Grand Ball and Promenade Concerts.

The Westminster City Band and other Bands will be present and dispense music throughout the Exhibition-Celebration.

EXCURSION RATES have been secured over all Railway and Steamboat Lines for visitors and for freight rates on exhibits.

A. B. MACKENZIE,
General Secretary.
T. J. TRAPP,
President R. A. & I. Society.
D. S. CURTIS, Mayor,
Chairman Celebration Committee.

Cowichan and Salt Spring Island Agricultural Society

Annual Exhibition

Will be held in the Society's Grounds,

AT DUNCAN'S

—ON—

SATURDAY, September 23, 1893

For the Display of Agricultural Produce, Stock, Etc., Etc.

W. H. ELKINGTON, President. ALEX. BLYTH, Secretary.
se6-d&wtd

"Land Registry Act."

Lot No. 1247 and Subdivision No. 15 of Lot No. 1257, Victoria City.

A certificate of indefeasible title to the above property will be issued to Joseph Dwyer on the 30th day of October, 1893, unless in the meantime a valid objection thereto be made to me in writing, by some person claiming an estate or interest in said property, or some part thereof.

C. J. LEGGATT,
Registrar-General.
Land Registry Office, Victoria, July 29, 1893. jy31-3m

NOTICE OF ASSIGNMENT.

Pursuant to the Creditors' Trust Deeds Act, 1890

Notice is hereby given, that Edward White, carrying on business at Number 61 Government street, in the city of Victoria, under the firm name of Brown & White, dry goods merchants, has assigned all his real and personal property, except as therein mentioned, to John Joel Austin, of the said city of Victoria, in trust, for the purpose of paying and satisfying proportionately and without preference or priority, the creditors of the said Edward White. The said deed was executed by the said assignor and trustee on the 21st day of August, A.D. 1893, and the said assignee has undertaken the trusts created by the said deed. All persons having claims against the said Edward White must forward and deliver full particulars of claim, duly verified, to the assignee at Victoria, on or before the 21st day of October, 1893. All persons indebted to the said Edward White are required to pay the amount due by them to the said assignee forthwith. After the said 21st day of October, 1893, the trustee will proceed to distribute the assets of the said estate among the parties entitled thereto, having regard only to the claims of which he shall then have had notice. A meeting of the creditors will be held at the office of the assignee, 22 Fort street, Victoria, on Monday, the 28th day of August, instant, at 3 o'clock p.m.

THORNTON FELL,
50 Langley St., Victoria,
Solicitor for the Asignee.

Maternity Home

(LATE SAMARITAN)

Removed to larger premises, at 10 Blanchard corner of Rae Street. Applicants please apply at the Home, or Mrs. Higgins, Cadboro Bay Road, or Mrs. Plummerfelt, Gorge Road.

Unlike the Dutch Process No Alkalies —OR— Other Chemicals

are used in the preparation of

W. BAKER & CO.'S **BreakfastCocoa**

which is absolutely pure and soluble.

It has more than three times the strength of Cocoa mixed with Starch, Arrowroot or Sugar, and is far more economical, costing less than one cent a cup. It is delicious, nourishing, and EASILY DIGESTED.

Sold by Grocers everywhere.

W. BAKER & CO., Dorchester, Mass.

Real Estate.

1 House, full sized lot, fenced, close to tram only $800; cash $150; balance on easy terms at 8 per cent.; cheap.
1 House and Lot, Craigflower Road, only $750; cash $100; balance at 8 per cent., easy terms. acre Blocks, $250; 1 acre Blocks at $500; easy terms.
50 acres of good Land, 9 miles from city, railway crosses it; very cheap, $30 per acre.
100 acres of good land; 9 miles from city; very cheap, $35 per acre.
100 acres, improved; 12 heifers, 5 pigs, 4 doz. chickens, 1 horse, 1 cottage, woodshed, stable, chicken house, etc.; $6000 good terms.
90 acres, Cobble Hill, fine improved farm, $4,800.
200 acres, Cobble Hill, improved; $3,000, very easy terms.
60 acres, Cadboro Bay, 4 miles from P. O., under cultivation, with improvements costing $7,000; land $200 per acre; improvements $4 000; good terms.
Kaslo lots, in good position, cheap.
Several good Houses to Rent.

A. WILLIAMS,
5 Store Street Opposite Railway Station

CHAS. HAYWARD
(Established 1867)

Funeral Director and Embalmer.
Government street, Victoria.

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that application will be made at the next session of the Legislative Assembly of the Province of British Columbia for an act to incorporate a company to construct, equip, maintain and operate a line of railway from some point on the gulf of Georgia, in Delta Municipality, thence by the most feasible route to the city of New Westminster, with power to construct a branch line extending from some point in Delta Municipality in an easterly direction through the municipalities of Surrey, Langley and Matsqui to a point at or near Abbottsford.

Dated the 26th day of August, 1893.
BODWELL & IRVING,
a29-tf Solicitors for the Applicants.

SNOWFLAKE FLOUR

—:— FOR FAMILY USE, —:—
IS THE BEST.
Ask your Grocer for it. Have no Other

Manufactured by
RED CROWN ROLLER MILLS,
ALBANY, OREGON.

The British Columbia Corporation,
LIMITED.

NOTICE.

The Offices of this Corporation have been removed from 76 Wharf Street to Temple Building, corner Fort and Langley Streets, Victoria, B. C.

ROBERT WARD & CO., Ltd. L'bily,
Managers and Agents.
Victoria, B.C., August 24th, 1893.—1m

Notice of Removal.

ROBERT WARD & COMPANY,
LIMITED LIABILITY.

Have removed from Wharf Street to their new Offices, Temple Building, corner Fort and Langley Streets, Victoria, B.C.

Victoria, B.C., August 24th, 1893.—1m

Estate of Harry Disher and Stephen Graham Campbell.

Assignment for the Benefit of Creditors.

Take notice that pursuant to the "Creditors' Trust Deeds Act, 1890," by indenture dated and executed the 19th day of August, 1893, by Harry Disher, of No. 89 Herald street, in the city of Victoria, Province of British Columbia, and Stephen Graham Campbell, of No. 8 North Park street, in the said city of Victoria, carrying on business of grocers at No. 81 Douglas street, in the city of Victoria aforesaid, under the style or firm name of Disher & Campbell, the said Harry Disher and Stephen Graham Campbell, granted and assigned their real and personal property to Charles Fox Todd, of No. 218 Johnson street, in the city of Victoria aforesaid, and carrying on business at 72 Wharf street, in the said city of Victoria, merchant, and Joseph Clearihue, residing at Cadboro Bay road, in the said city of Victoria, and carrying on business at 26 Yates street, in the said city of Victoria, merchant, in trust for the creditors of the said Harry Disher and Stephen Graham Campbell. The said Charles Fox Todd and Joseph Clearihue executed the deed and accepted the trust thereby created on the 19th day of August, 1893.

Dated the 21st day of August, 1893.
S. PERRY MILLS,
of 46 Langley street, Victoria, B. C.,
a21-1m Solicitors for the trustees.

WANTED $25,000

THE STANLEY HOUSE

WANTED $25,000

General Dry Goods, Millinery and Mantles.

Owing to the stringency of the money market and hard times we have decided to reduce our New and Fashionable Stock by $25,000. To do this we offer the whole of our new SEASONABLE STOCK, consisting of some **$60,000** worth of General Dry Goods, Millinery, Mantles, Hosiery, Etc.

AT COST

New Fall Mantles at Cost. | New Fall Dress Goods at Cost. | New Fall Millinery at Cost. | New Trimmings at Cost.

New Blankets at Cost. | New Dry Goods of all Descriptions at Cost.

A SMALL ASSORTMENT OF REMNANTS AND MANTLES, NOT THIS YEAR'S GOODS, AT LESS THAN HALF PRICE.

We Mean Business and have put the knife right in to the hilt. We expect no profits this season, except the satisfaction of reducing our stock by about one half.

= Opening of New Fall Millinery, Tuesday, Septenber 19th. =

The Store will be CLOSED for remarking and arranging Stock on MONDAY, SEPTEMBER 18th.
Sale Commences TUESDAY, SEPTEMBER 19th. The chance of a lifetime to get your entire Fall outfit AT COST.
Remember the address

THE STANLEY HOUSE, 55, 57, 59 Douglas Street, Corner of Fort, W. S. HAMPSON & CO.

EARLY DAYS.

Rev. A. Dunn Refers to the Life and Labor of the Late Rev R. Jamieson.

On Sunday, 17th September, in the Port Haney Presbyterian church, Rev. A. Dunn, in concluding a sermon from the text, "Her sins, which are many, are forgiven, for she loved much," spoke in the following terms respecting the life and labors of the late Rev. Robert Jamieson:

Some who are here to-day have benefited by the ministrations of the late Rev. Mr. Jamieson, New Westminster, who died on the 6th of September and was buried on the 8th. Probably most of you are aware that he was the first Presbyterian minister who conducted services at Maple Ridge. In the spring of 1862 Mr. Jamieson arrived at New Westminster, proceeded to organize a congregation and to build what is now known there as the old Presbyterian church. For several years previous to my arrival (in 1875), in addition to his duties at New Westminster, he gave such supply as he could at Fort Langley, Maple Ridge, North Arm and Burrard Inlet.

Those of you who have come in during recent years can with difficulty realize the state of the country, the state of affairs generally, in those far away early days. There are some here to-day, perhaps, who think the times hard enough even now. There are some, not long ago out from old settled places, with all their advantages and privileges, who think life in Maple Ridge monotonous and lonesome enough in 1893, and who would like to return to the place whence they came. But, however depressing the state of things may be now, it was ten times worse in almost every respect twenty or thirty years ago. When I arrived in British Columbia in 1875 I was informed that my field of labor extended along the Fraser river eastward to Yale, wherever I found settlers. I shall never forget the feeling of utter desolation that came over me—my feeling of amazement and bewilderment—when, sailing along for the first time from Westminster to Langley on the old Reliance, I looked in vain on the right and on the left for human habitation. It is true that when we came to Maple Ridge we could see three or four small houses; but I had no idea that day that these cabins without chimneys were the abodes of white people. Yet the humblest cabin in Maple Ridge to-day would be equal if not superior to the best then. Around these cabins, located here and there along the banks of the river, there were small patches cleared, and these cleared spaces were surrounded by immense firs and cedars, gloomy and threatening. And when the thick underbrush was drenched with the fall rains the prospect was more dismal still.

Where there are now roads running back five or six miles and hundreds of settlers; where there is not now perhaps a vacant quarter section, there was then not a solitary dweller—just the dark and apparently interminable forest. Then there was almost the entire absence of anything worthy of the name of roads, and consequently difficulty and even danger in moving around from place to place. There was no stage at anywhere near this, except at Fort Langley, on the opposite side of the river, and only some four or five school houses between Yale and the mouth of the river. Such, then, was the state of things in this neighborhood in 1875, and Mr. Jamieson, be it remembered, had been in the country some ten or twelve years before me. Indeed, for several years after he came, in 1862, there was no settlement at all along the Fraser river, except at Fort Langley, an old Hudson Bay Co.'s post.

Well, to these brave, hardy pioneer settlers of Maple Ridge, living under such circumstances and with such lonesome surroundings, the stated visits of their pioneer missionary were most welcome and his Sunday services universally attended. I believe his practise was to hold service at Fort Langley in the morning and in Maple Ridge in the afternoon and at New Westminster in the evening. If there was any difference of opinion regarding Mr. Jamieson as a man, there was no difference of opinion respecting his ability as a preacher. I don't think I ever once heard his preaching spoken against. While closely following the old paths he kept himself well informed and abreast of the times. His discourses were fresh, attractive, and eminently practical, and delivered in a spirited manner The services over, his hearers would sometimes accompany him to his canoe, where there would be an informal leave-taking; perhaps as he took his seat in a pouring rain, a sally of wit and humor, which tended to dispel sadness, to reconcile his flock to their surroundings and to beget a desire for the missionary's return.

Again, in those early days the character of the population was quite singular and remarkable. For the most part the early setlers were adventurous miners who had come thither from all parts of the world. Generally they were intelligent, self-reliant, generous to a degree, and disposed to treat with respect ministers of all denominations. But there were also some, as might be expected, of the baser sort—dissipated, reckless and irreligious—men who did not blush to affirm that they had left civilization and its restraints in order that here in the wild west they might lead a free and easy life, unfettered by the usages of society and the restrictions of religion; and therefore to be confronted right here in the forest primeval, where the Indians had their dwellings, by the ministers of religion—to be exhorted right here on the banks of the Fraser to live soberly and righteously and to observe the decencies and proprieties of civilized life was more than they had expected and more than they could stand, and no doubt there were some hoped that by coarse, contemptuous and cruel treatment of the preacher they might soon get rid of him and his preachings.

If any thought that by acting thus they could get rid of Mr. Jamieson they had mistaken their man. He had come to discharge a special duty, to maintain a certain position, and he resolved to do this or perish in the attempt. He spared no man's sin or unbelief, he courted no man's favor, and he feared no man's face. He came to stay, and he stayed. He came to preach Christ and him crucified, and by the grace of God he did so to the end. The banner he unfurled when he landed in New Westminster in 1862, he bore strongly aloft until the last Sunday in August, 1893, when, dressed and ready to leave his house to conduct the usual service in the penitentiary, his Master came, commanded him to put off his armor and rest from his long campaign.

That Mr. Jamieson sometimes gave offence needlessly—that he sometimes made mistakes and acted imprudently—that he did not always pursue the course best calculated to conciliate and win—his best friends readily admit and regret. Men of his stamp are peculiarly liable to err in these respects. But that he struggled along for a long period of years, in the midst of manifold hardships and discouragements, and oftentimes in the midst of sickness and great bodily weakness, to do his duty to his Lord, to his church and to his fellow men, according to his views of what was right and proper; and that he actually accomplished a great and lasting and beneficent work in this Pacific province, all fair-minded men must no less readily concede. Mr. Jamieson actually did what others declined to touch. "Many a Macedonian cry," said the late Rev. Donald Fraser, Victoria, "was sent to the eastern provinces, but the responses were few and far between." Some came and looked for a short time, but prudently retreated. And others came and labored nobly for a few years, but got sick or discouraged, or both, and quit the field. Mr. Jamieson remained, and on his resignation of his charge of St. Andrew's in 1884 he handed over a full church to his successor, the Rev. John Sutherland Mackay.

My friends, whether we appeal to our own experience and observation or to the statements of Holy Scripture, this conclusion is forced upon us, namely, that on the great day of judgment, when the secrets of all hearts shall be revealed, disclosures of an unexpected kind will be made. Some who are first shall be last and the last first. Again and again, here and there, some poor widow, obscure and unknown, it will be found, had cast in more than these rich landowners, or these wealthy merchants. The motives which actuated men will then be taken into account. "Therefore judge nothing before the time until the Lord come."

All Men

Young, old or middle aged, who find themselves nervous, weak and exhausted, who are broken down from excess or overwork, resulting in many of the following symptoms: Mental depression, premature old age, loss of vitality, loss of memory, bad dreams, dimness of sight, palpation of the heart, lack of energy, pain in the kidneys, headaches, pimples on the face and body, itching or peculiar sensation about the scrotum, wasting of the organs, dizziness, specks before the eyes, twitching of the muscles, eyelids and elsewhere, bashfulness, deposits in the urine, loss of will power, tenderness of the scalp and spine, weak and flabby muscles, desire to sleep, failure to be rested by sleep, constipation, dullness of hearing, loss of voice, desire for solitude, excitability of temper, sunken eyes, surrounded with leaden circles, oily looking skin, etc., are all the symptoms of nervous debility that lead to insanity unless cured. The spring or vital force having lost its tension every function wanes in consequence. Those who through abuse committed in ignorance, may be permanently cured. Send your address for book on diseases peculiar to man, send 10c in stamps sealed. Address M. V. Lubon, 24 Macdonnell ave., Toronto, Ont.? Canada. *

Special Notice.

Parties having card plates can have cards printed direct from the plates for $1.50 per hundred; engraved and copper plate supplied together with 100 cards for $2.50. At the Victoria Lithograph Co., cor Yates and Government sts. *

THE ROBERTS SAFETY Water Tube MARINE BOILER

FOR YACHTS, LAUNCHES, AND OTHER STEAMERS.

THE Original Fixed Water Line Pipe Boiler

NEARLY 400 IN USE!

SAFE, Reliable, Simple, Light Weight, Economical, No Shop Repairs, Small Space. Send for Illustrated Pamphlet and other reading matter, with hundreds of enthusiastic letters from purchasers and engineers.

Also Triple Expansion and Compound Marine Engines for Yachts and other Steamers. Large Marine Boilers a specialty.

DOTY ENGINE WORKS CO

MANUFACTURERS,

TORONTO, ONTARIO.

CAVEATS, TRADE MARKS, DESIGN PATENTS, COPYRIGHTS, etc.

For information and free Handbook write to MUNN & CO., 361 BROADWAY, NEW YORK. Oldest bureau for securing patents in America. Every patent taken out by us is brought before the public by a notice given free of charge in the

Scientific American

Largest circulation of any scientific paper in the world. Splendidly illustrated. No intelligent man should be without it. Weekly, $3.00 a year; $1.50 six months. Address MUNN & CO., PUBLISHERS, 361 Broadway, New York City.

CHURCH ORGANS.

The list of Churches using our Organs will prove to your satisfaction that we furnish the BEST for the least money. Prices from $300 to $3,000. If you will state the seating capacity of your church or hall, we will send—(free)—complete specifications of a

PELOUBET CHURCH ORGAN,

easily suited to your needs. We will also prepare to build Church Organs for residences. These instruments are the crowning feature of a modern house. We build in style to match the woodwork. Write for designs and prices.

LYON & HEALY,

State and Monroe Sts. CHICAGO.

Note.—Our factories produce system of 10,000 musical instruments annually.

That Wedding Present

You are thinking of giving is causing you a deal of trouble. It is difficult to choose something at once elegant and useful. Let us suggest for you. One of the nicest presents for a young couple just setting us housekeeping is a set of

Eddy's Indurated Fibre Ware

Consisting of Pails, Tubs, Wash Basins, Bread Pans, &c., &c. This is a present that will last and keep the donor in remembrance, besides being a constant source of delight to the happy recipient. The Lightest, Tightest, Neatest, Sweetest and Most Durable Ware made.

Sold Everywhere.

Manufactured in Canada Solely by

The E. B. Eddy Co.,

HULL, CANADA.

The Weekly Times

The Weekly edition of the TIMES is a 16-page paper; containing all the news of the week, general, provincial and city. It is the only independent political paper in British Columbia, and has a very large circulation within the province.

Subscription, $2 per annum in advance; postage in addition to foreign countries

Address,

THE TIMES P. & P. CO.,
Victoria, B. C.

VETERINARY.

S. F. TOLMIE, VETERINARY SURGEON. Graduate Ont. Vet. Col., Member Ont. Vet. Med. Soc. (Late with Dr. John Wende, V. S., Buffalo, N. Y.) Office at Bray's Livery 102 Johnson Street. Telephone 132; residence telephone 417. Victoria, B. C.

ARCHITECTS.

THOMAS HOOPER ARCHITECT. Office over SPENCER'S ARCADE, Government street. jy5-tf

JNO. TEAGUE, ARCHITECT. Has removed to new offices corner of Broad street and Trounce avenue. fe20tf

MUSICAL.

VICTORIA CONSERVATORY OF MUSIC 28 Yates Street, opposite High School. MISS M. B. SHARP, Principal. A full and efficient staff of teachers in every department. Sight singing classes and lectures free to pupils. Applications must be made to principal.

GEO. W. FUGGLE, PIANOFORTE MAKER AND TUNER. Three years with Goodwin & Co. Orders left at factory, 78 Princess avenue; also at Jamieson's book store, next postoffice, Violins Mandolins and Guitars repaired. P. O Box 73.

SCAVENGERS

PETER HANSEN, CITY SCAVENGER. Yards and cesspools cleaned by contract or monthly. Prompt attention given to all orders, and prices reasonable. Orders left at Dixi Ross & Co.'s and Robert Porter's, Island Market, Johnson and Douglas streets. Residence, Discovery street, between Government and Douglas. Telephone 184.

J. DOHERTY, GENERAL SCAVENGER. Yards and cesspools cleaned, contracts made for removing earth, etc. All orders left with Jas. Fell & Co., Fort street, grocers; Cochrane & Munn, corner Yates and Douglas streets, or George Doughty, corner Fort and Blanchard streets, will be promptly attended to. Coal and wood for sale.

SOCIETIES.

B. C. ST. GEORGE'S SOCIETY. Meetings are held at 7.30 p.m., on the first Friday in every month, at the Pioneer Hall, Broad Street. The aims of the Society are the bringing together of Englishmen for their mutual benefit and the maintenance of the British Connection. JNO. J. AUSTIN, Secretary. jan19

B. C. PIONEER SOCIETY. The Hall of the above society in Musgrave Block, Broad street, is open daily from 10 a.m. to 4 p.m., for the convenience of Pioneers and their friends, who are cordially invited to visit the rooms.

ANCIENT ORDER FORESTERS. Court Vancouver No. 5755, A.O.F., meets 1st and 3rd Mondays in each month in Foresters' Hall, Government street. Visiting brothers are invited. SIDNEY WILSON, Sec. fe13

VICTORIA-COLUMBIA LODGE, No. 1, A. F. & A. M., B.C.R. Regular communications the first Thursday in each month, at Masonic Temple, corner of Douglas and Fisgard streets, to which brethren cordially invited. C. DUBOIS MASON, Secretary. ja14

VANCOUVER & QUADRA LODGE No. 2, A. F. & A. M., B.C.R. Regular communications the third Wednesday in each month, at Masonic Temple, corner Douglas and Fisgard streets, to which brethren cordially invited. jy8 C. A. BROWN, Secretary.

COLUMBIA ROYAL ARCH Chapter, No. 120, G.R.S. Regular convocations held on the first Tuesday of every month, at Chapter Hall, Masonic Temple, Douglas street, to which sojourning companions cordially invited. R. LANGLEY, Scribe E. jy19

FAIRWEATHER LODGE, No. 4, Regular meetings every Friday evening at Knights of Pythias Hall, Broad street. Sojourning Knights are cordially invited to attend. E. PEARSON, K. of R. & S. oct9

ST. ANDREW'S & CALEDONIAN Society meets in their own hall, Blanchard St., on the first Friday in every month. All compatriots are invited to join. R. C. SMITH, Secretary.

MISCELLANEOUS.

PIANOS TUNED. JAMES SHERIDAN, Of thirty years standing in the City. Pianos, Organs and all kinds of Musical Instruments thoroughly tuned, regulated and repaired. Address—Room 3, Gospel Hall, Oriental Avenue, between Yates and Johnson Streets.

QUEEN'S MARKET. L. GOODACRE. Government street, Victoria, B. C., wholesale and retail Butcher. Contractor by appointment to Her Majesty's Royal Navy.

A. & W. WILSON. PLUMBERS AND GASFITTERS. Bell Hangers and Tinsmiths. Dealers in best descriptions of Heating and Cooking Stoves, Ranges, etc. Shipping supplied at lowest rates. Broad street, Victoria, B. C. Telephone call 138

MRS. McGREGOR, MIDWIFE. 137 Cormorant Street.

PHYSICIANS.

Office, Removal.

J. K. GARROW, M. D., Physician and Surgeon. Office, Clarence Block; Residence, 31 Queen's Avenue. Telephone 409. Office Hours, 9.30 to 11 a.m.; 2 to 5 p.m., and 7.30 to 9 p.m. Sundays, 3 to 5 p.m.

DR. A. C. WEST, Surgeon Dentist, Office Rooms: 1, 2 & 3, Adelphi Block, Corner Yates and Government Sts., Victoria, B C. Dr. West calls particular attention to the Chase Metallic Roof Plate, which is the best denture ever devised, and for which he is the sole licensee for B.C. Its points of superiority are—lightness, strength, conductivity, and perfect adaptation, thus giving it all the advantages of an all gold plate with none of its disadvantages, and at a price within the reach of all. To examine a specimen plate will convince at once the truth of the above assertions. All dental work performed carefully and skilfully. Teeth extracted absolutely without pain by the use of a local anaesthetic. my17-d-w

A. MAXWELL MUIR, ARCHITECT, 934 Douglas Street.

In the Matter of the Estate of Disher & Campbell, of 81 Douglas Street, Victoria, Grocers.

Take notice that the trustees of this estate have granted and assigned all the estate and effects of the above named Disher & Campbell to Daniel Campbell and he is authorised to collect all book debts due and owing to the late firm of Disher & Campbell. And further take notice that all persons having claims against the said estate must forward and deliver full particulars of claim duly verified to the trustees, Charles Fox Todd and Joseph Clearihue of Victoria on or before the 1st day of December, 1893. After the 1st day of December, 1893, the trustees will proceed to distribute the assets of the said estate among the parties entitled thereto, having regard only to the claims of which they shall then have had notice. Dated 11th September, 1893. A. PERRY MILLS, Solicitor for the Trustees. Victoria. s11-1m

AMUSEMENTS.

MACKENZIE CENTENNIAL CONCERT Thursday Evening, Sept. 21, AT INSTITUTE HALL, VIEW ST. GRAND PROGRAMME PROVIDED. Best Local Talent, including Mrs. Clark, Ernest Wolf, and the Popular Baritone, Clement Roulands. ADMISSION FIFTY CENTS. se20-3t

Delsarte College of Oratory FRANCIS JOSEPH BROWN, President, (President of the Elocutionists' Association of Canada.) Largest and most advanced School of Oratory in Canada. DEPARTMENTS—School of Voice Culture. School of Physical Culture. School of Dramatic Art. School of Belles Lettres. Fall Term September 12. For Catalogue address Francis Joseph Brown, care of Y.M.C.A., Toronto, Ont.

MISCELLANEOUS WANTS.

WELL FURNISHED HOUSE to let on Menzies street, close to cars and beach; 7 rooms, bath, and modern conveniences; moderate rent to good tenant. Apply J. Gerhard Tiarks, architect, 39 1-2 Government street. s20-2t

WANTED—Immediately house with 5 or 6 rooms, and some ground outside of city, near station. Apply Russell, Dominion Hotel. s20-2t

FOR SALE—On account of departure, handsome pair of cream mares with silver tails, perfectly matched, also phaeton and harness. Apply Box 586, City P. O. s19-4t

WANTED—To exchange excellent acreage within 4 miles from the P. O., for good house and lot, or part of it for a good lot in the neighborhood of the Central schools. Address P. O. Box 313, City. s19-6t

WANTED—Children to board in the country. Address A. A., Times office. s19-1w

LOST—A brown and white spaniel bitch, collar bearing initials F. W. G. The under will be suitably rewarded by returning dog to R. B. Marvin & Co.'s, Wharf street. s18-1w

A YOUNG WOMAN wants situation as housekeeper in gentleman's family. Address C. N., Times office. s16-1w

FOR SALE—A Snap; 80 acres, all good land, 2 1-2 miles from Alberni townsite; worth $10 per acre, reduced to $3 per acre. A. W. More & Co., 70 Douglas St. s14

WANTED—A share of your fire insurance business by two Scotch Union & National Insurance Co.'s. A. W. More & Co., agents, 70 Douglas street. s14

FOR SALE OR TO-LET—An improved farm near McPherson's station. Price reduced to $1200 or rent $5 per month. A. W. More & Co., 70 Douglas street. s14

MISS WARREN, pupil of Mr. and Madame Bodda (Miss Louisa Payne), London, England, is prepared to give instructions in singing and elocution. References kindly permitted to His Lordship the Bishop of Columbia, Mrs. L. W. Powell, Burdett avenue; Miss Dupont, 20 Scoresby street, and Miss Perrin, Bishop's Close. For terms apply to Miss Warren, 23 Birdcage Walk, Victoria. s11-1m

TO RENT—The American hotel and bar, 16 rooms and a fine large concert hall. The bar and fixtures all complete. Apply T. J. Burnes, Burnes House. s11-tf

TO RENT—A well furnished five room cottage. Good location. Possession given immediately. 42 Cadboro Bay Road. s3-tf

FOR SALE—Two 25 horsepower steam engines. Address Taylor Mill Co, P. O. box, 628, City. s9-1m

FOR SALE—Steam yacht "Angerona" of 14 tons burthen; can be seen at Turpel's Ship yard. For particulars apply to Thornton Fell, Langley street. jy31-1m

FOR SALE—A good paying business. Apply —E., this office. jy9-tf

British Columbia Milling & Mining Co'y, (LIMITED.) ASSESSMENT No. 24. Notice is hereby given that an assessment of one cent per share has this day been levied upon the members of the above named Company, payable at the Company's office, No. 48 Langley street, Victoria, B.C., on or before the seventh day of October, 1893, from and after which date all shares on which said call shall then remain unpaid shall be deemed delinquent, to be dealt with according to law. By order of the Board of Directors. GEORGE A. SARGISON, Secretary. Victoria, September 4, 1893. se6-15t

S. A. STODDART The New Watchmaker and Jeweller, 68½ Yates Street. Cleans Watches thoroughly for 75c New Main Springs, 75c. Balance and Pallet Staffs, $1.25, And guarantees all work for 12 months. Practice experience of over 25 years. mar1

SHAWNIGAN LAKE HOTEL Splendid Summer Resort. Good Fishing and Hunting. Cottages to let for families or parties. First-class accommodations. GEORGE KOENIG, Proprietor. ju30-4m

New Westminster Show CHEAP FARES. $3 SPECIAL ROUND TRIP TICKETS, INCLUDING ADMISSION TO FAIR GROUNDS $3 Good for Sunday night, Sept. 24, to Saturday, Sept. 30, by Vancouver or direct boat. STR. YOSEMITE Will leave Victoria on Wednesday and Friday mornings, Sept. 27 and 29, at 7 o'clock, for New Westminster direct, returning on Thursday and Saturday at 7 a.m. $1.50 Fare for Round Trip, including admission to fair grounds $1.50 A grand programme of sports for each day. JOHN IRVING, Manager. s20

How to Get a "Sunlight" Picture. Send 20 "Sunlight" soap wrappers (wrapper bearing the words "Why does a Woman Look Old Sooner Than a Man?") to Lever Brothers, Limited, 43 Scott street, Toronto, Ont., and you will receive by post a pretty picture, free from advertising and well worth framing. This is an easy way to decorate your home. The soap is the best in the market, and will only cost 1c postage to send in the wrappers if you leave the ends open. Write your address carefully.

THE DAILY TIMES

Published every afternoon except Sunday, by the Victoria Times Printing and Publishing Company, Limited; At No. 87 Yates street, near Government, Victoria, B. C.

SUBSCRIPTION: Delivered by carrier in any part of the city, per week..... 25 cts. By mail to any part of the world, per year..... $10 00

THE WEEKLY TIMES is published every Friday morning, and mailed to any part of Canada, the United States or Great Britain for $2 00 per annum, paid in advance.

DAILY ADVERTISING RATES: CONDENSED ADVERTISEMENTS, such as To Let, Wanted, etc., etc., one cent per word per insertion. NOTICES of Births, Marriages and Deaths free. Deaths with funeral announcements, $1 50. SPECIAL NOTICES, set in minion, the type used for general reading, and placed in reading columns, 25c a line for first insertion and 12 1-2 cents each subsequent insertion. Set in nonpareil type (this size) and placed under the heading of "Special Notices," 12 1-2 cents for first insertion and 6 cents for each subsequent insertion. Theatrical notices, legal advertisements, political announcements, and all advertisements of a special class, and not included in the above, 10 cents a line first insertion and 5 cents for each subsequent insertion. Advertisements unaccompanied by specific instructions inserted until ordered out. Address THE TIMES P. & P. COMPANY, WM. TEMPLEMAN Manager

Changes of Advertisements. It is necessary that copy for changes of advertisements (to be sure of insertion) should be handed in on the day previous to that of their appearance.

The Daily Times.

REPORTS TO ORDER.

The Colonist and a number of faithful correspondents are laboring hard to manufacture popularity for Premier Davie on the mainland. If its reports were to be received as correct, even the people of Chilliwack have been hailing the great Davie with unbounded acclaim. Unfortunately the circumstances connected with the meeting at 150 Mile House tend to throw suspicion on these statements in the Colonist in regard to the triumphal progress of the premier. A day or two after that meeting our neighbor had the following dispatch from Soda Creek in reference to it:

"Mr. Borland occupied the chair. Hon. Theodore Davie spoke for upwards of an hour, demolishing the mainland petition and vindicating the government's action on the subject of parliament buildings and other public matters. Mr. Kitchen, in answer, disclaimed having anything to do with the mainland petition, but on being question admitted that he had headed it when it was circulating in Chilliwack.

From the tone of this report the Times surmised that it was written or dictated by Mr. Davie himself, a surmise which the Colonist denounced with a great deal of unnecessary warmth. We have still a suspicion that the dispatch found its origin, if not in the premier himself, then in one of his party. We should like to know how else it came to be sent from Soda Creek, when the meeting was held at the 150-Mile House. But let that be as it may, the character of the report is well shown by the following dispatch, which Mr. Borland, chairman of the meeting, sent to the News-Advertiser:

"Telegraphic report of meeting held at 150-Mile House, dated Soda Creek, is incorrect. Davie did not demolish mainland petition or vindicate government in opinion of meeting. Kitchen did disclaim having anything to do with petition but acknowledged having headed one in Chilliwack."

There is good reason to suspect that the other effusions in the Colonist descriptive of the premier's wonderful doings are subject to the same sort of correction. Mr. Davie and the Colonist may see some chance of profit by such attempts to deceive the public, but in that case they differ decidedly from most people.

CANNOT STAND ALONE.

Very much is heard from Conservative stumpers and Conservative newspapers about the strength of the Conservative policy and its certainty of success in the next election. The people, we are told, are going to stand by a policy that has been tried and found good rather than experiment with the Liberals. To those who have paid any heed to the revelations of the census and the many other evidences of failure on the part of the N. P. the Conservative pretensions must necessarily sound very hollow. If the knowledge of the results of the national policy's trial were confined to the Conservative breast there might be some chance of the party leaders and organs deceiving the people; but their chance of doing so must seem rather weak now when the census details are known of all men. But apart from the weakness of their basis of hope, there is this circumstance to be remembered, namely, that the party leaders made the same professions of confidence in the strength of their policy in previous elections and then immediately gave themselves the lie by employing other means of snatching a victory at the polls. They took every method within reach of stifling public opinion and preventing its free expression, though if their professions of confidence in their own policy had been honest they would have welcomed a perfectly free and unbiased verdict from the people. They resorted to the gerrymander, they passed the infamous franchise act, they appointed partizan returning officers. In a word, they sought to gain every unfair advantage they could think of by the prostitution of the electoral machinery. Then they used the public works department as a huge bribery machine, spending money in districts where the public business did not demand it, solely with a view to purchasing votes. In other places where the Liberal vote was hopelessly in the ascendant they allowed the public service to suffer. Railway and other subsidies were used in the same cowardly and infamous way. In addition to all this they collected a huge bribery fund by levying on the Red Parlor and on public contractors to the extent of hundreds of thousands of dollars. Why was all this deemed necessary if the Conservative leaders believed that the people were sure to pronounce favorably on their policy? The answer is that the leaders possessed no such confidence as they pretended to. Nor are the Conservative leaders of the present day one whit more confident; they know that the people have found them out.

An eastern dispatch announces that the board of arbitration to settle the disputed accounts between the Dominion and the provinces of Ontario and Quebec has concluded its inquiry and is ready to consider its award. It is not a little remarkable that a dispute of this kind, involving a considerable sum of money, should have been left unsettled so long. The delay is chiefly due to what Sir John used to term, with grim humor, the "masterly inactivity" of the Dominion government. There is now a contention on the part of the Dominion that when the Dominion assumed the surplus debt of Ontario and Quebec to the amount of ten millions of dollars the amount to be accredited to each province was not ascertained; that the two provinces, taken together, have been overpaid to something like $700,000, leaving the question of the claim of each open. The provinces contend that, on the true construction of the act of 1874, when all the items charged in respect to the excess of debts of the provinces were assumed by the Dominion, a proper construction of the act of 1874 will show the balance to be the other way. There is, besides, the question of whether the Dominion should pay compound or only simple interest on amounts due to the provinces. These are subsidiary questions growing out of the main dispute between the parties, and we suppose all the points are to be settled by the present arbitration.

In the Regina Leader appears this announcement: "We beg to call the attention of moneyed men to the fact that there is a great opening here in Regina for (1) pork packing, (2) for the manufacture of linen, of rope and twine, (3) for beer." We should have supposed that there was more than one great opening for beer in the Northwest capital, but it is possible that the capacity of the one was so marked as to draw the Leader's attention away from all the rest.

Judge King, of the supreme court of New Brunswick, has been appointed to the seat on the Dominion supreme court bench left vacant by the death of Judge Patterson. The western provinces are "not in it" when there is a question of selecting judges or officers anywhere around the capital. The other end of the country has the "pull."

AN OPEN LETTER TO MAGISTRATE MACRAE.

Sir—If you are correctly reported in the Colonist of this morning you have been guilty of casting a slur upon and sneering at a most useful and honorable class of citizens, viz., lay or local preachers. In admonishing a man who had been guilty of cruelty and vulgarity to his wife, and who in defence pleaded partly provocation and partly repentance you said: "You speak like a kind of lay preacher, but"—and "the fact that you can talk like a local preacher does not help your case in the least." I presume you are ignorant of what a lay preacher is—allow me to instruct you. He is one who is presumed to have gifts or abilities enabling him to teach or preach the religion of Jesus Christ, but who has not received the peculiar rites of ordination and laying on of hands (Whatever that may mean, nobody knows and nobody cares). A lay or local preacher does not receive money for his work, how far that may depreciate his usefulness, ability or sanctity let the world judge. A brotherhood that includes such names as the Apostle Paul, C. H. Spurgeon, Dwight L. Moody and thousands of pure and saintly men can well afford to laugh at sneers, yet it is unwise for you—a magistrate and lay man who seeks to pose as a paternal moralist to an unfaithful husband, to fling an unwarranted innuendo at an order to whom it would be a high honor for you to belong. In this city are as many lay preachers as ordained ministers, men whose ability and character justly entitle them to the honorable regard of all citizens, and who would justly deem it an insult to be classed with a man who figures in a police court charged with assaulting one whom he had sworn to love and cherish. An apology will be both graceful and courteous.

A LOCAL PREACHER.

What should prove an interesting dramatic experiment is to be tried in November by the London Shakespeare Reading Society under the direction of Mr. Wm. Poel. This society proposes to test the dramatic effect of acting an Elizabethan play under the conditions it was written to fulfil. The play selected is "Measure for Measure," which is to acted on a stage built after the model of the sixteenth century. There is to be no scenery, the costumes will be those of the Elisabethan period, and groups of spectators in costumes of the same character will flank the stage. Whether the stage is to be covered with rushes or not the promoters of the experiment do not say, but such a kind of "stage carpet" was not unknown in the early days of the drama. Among those who have given the idea their support and patronage are Professor Dowden and Henry Morley, Sir Theodore Martin, Dr. Furnivall and Dr. Todhunter, Mr. Frederick Wedmore and others well known in dramatic and literary circles.

Deposits in the government savings banks for August exceeded withdrawals by $21,000.

ALL OVER OLIVER.

Port Arthur Has a Cat Fit About the Premier's Visit.

STEAM TUGS WITH SHRIEKY WHISTLES

The Elevator Country—Winnipeg's Marvellous Mud—Heterogeneous Travellers—Mounted Police Probably Meant for Something.

(From our own Correspondent.)

We arrived too soon at Port Arthur. The enthusiastic inhabitants were preparing a welcome for Sir Oliver Mowat, and the "Manitoba" steamed into the harbor before they were ready. O, what a commotion there was among those little steam tugs! They puffed and fussed and darted aimlessly to and fro for all the world like a flock of ducks in a panic. The first one to collect its scattered senses pulled out from the dock and advanced to meet us. Its pluck was to be commended, it wasn't ready but it did the best it could. It steamed around the Manitoba three times, whistling valiantly, giving us a chance to read the flaring mottoes which almost covered the upper wood work: "Ontario Greets Her Grand Old Man!" "We welcome the Defender of Our People's Rights!" "Hail Mowat! 30 Years' Premier!" All this time the men aboard were busily engaged tacking up evergreens and shouting to one another and to us. To use an Americanism, we on board the Manitoba didn't "enthuse" to any proper extent. The only replying yell I heard emanated from a Salvation Army man on the lower deck. Sir Oliver didn't land at Port Arthur, so, to do him honor, the city band came down to the end of the dock and played everything it knew, starting in bravely again at the first tune. The spirit indeed was willing nor was the flesh weak. They played most manfully. The man with the drum merits special praise; he wore the only uniform that was visible and with it maintained the dignity of the whole band. Three lean and hungry dogs ventured down to see what was going on. He chased away two of them, and turning viciously on the third, the poor frightened animal gave one despairing yell and fell overboard. Not deigning one look in its direction, he of the uniform strode back to his drum with an air which plainly said, "I am Sir Oracle, when I do lead a band let no dog bark!"

The Manitoba pulled out and headed for Fort William, followed by the large army of tooting tugs each vying with the other for first place. One in a vain effort to forge ahead got ignominiously stuck on a mud bank and there plaintively whistled for assistance. It seemed to us a great excitement and turmoil to be caused by the advent of one little man; and we were glad to land safely at Fort William without a boiler explosion or other disaster. Fort William is a little place of two or three thousand inhabitants, at the mouth of the Kamanistiquia river and facing Thunder Cape. From here Isle Royale may be seen in the distance. We found to our dismay that we had half a day to put in, and there was nothing to see but grain elevators. Port Arthur and Fort William are rival towns; you just have to praise the one to have the other up in arms. I asked one old man who was "resting" round the station how many people there were in his town. He roused himself and said, pointing to the storekeeper, "I don't know. He knows." As I turned away he added, "We've got more nor there is in Port Arthur!" It reminded me forcibly of the feeling between Seattle and Tacoma—between Vancouver and a place that shall be nameless.

The train came in at last and we left Fort William without shedding regretful tears. As the last whistle sounded we felt really homeward bound; our holiday was slipping quickly away. At first, the scenery is wild and broken, with rapid rivers and many lakes, till we reach Rat Portage on the Lake of the Woods. This is a pretty place, the whole neighborhood looks invitingly interesting. We thought we'd like to camp here for a week or two and explore some of the many water courses with kodak and fishing rod—we could catch views if nothing else. At Winnipeg it rained and we saw what we had oft heard of—Winnipeg mud. Longfellow says, "How beautiful is the rain in the hot and dusty street!" and Longfellow ought to know, but yet——.

There was a queer company huddled for shelter under the railway shed—a party of Iceland immigrants; a Japanese functionary of some sort from Rome, accompanied by his wife; sportsmen with dogs and guns; a hungry-looking real estate man; a ditto missionary and a number of common, ordinary, every-day people like ourselves. An Icelandic girl near me was crying. I wanted to say something to comfort her, and for the life of me I couldn't think of anything, but that line of Longfellow's—"How beautiful is the rain in the hot and dusty street!" Somehow it didn't seem adequate and I had to let it go. Leaving Winnipeg we follow the Assiniboine for over 100 miles and make our way to Portage la Prairie and Brandon, both flourishing places with conspicuous grain elevators. But soon we come to the grain country itself, for, beyond Broadview the famous Bell Farm stretches itself away off to the horizon.

We recall all we have head of this wondrous "ranch" which covers over 100 square miles, and, looking across the expanse of rolling prairie the oft-heard but scarcely believed assertion that a man here ploughs but two furrows for a day's work, seems not so incredible after all. On we go and slip smoothly over a limitless expanse of prairies whose very monotony affords a nameless fascination. Here and there a group of burnt-umber Indians, half-clad and straight as arrows, and anon a solitary horseman is seen as we whisk by. At Regina the air is thick with mounted police; they seem set up in a wilderness, there is nothing here for them to repress save jack-rabbits or a wandering coyote. Ah, well! if we would study "Hidden Uses" we would likely find that the Mounted Police, like the common house-fly, and the man who says, "Is this hot enough for you?" were not created wholly in vain.

A. D. CAMERON.

CANADIAN DISPATCHES.

The News of Eastern Canada in Short Paragraphs.

Mrs. Susan Duggan, wife of Joseph Duggan, owner of the Woodbine race track, Toronto, has commenced an alimony suit against her husband. They have been living apart for some years. She asks $250 a month.

Fred C. Somerville, a dry goods clerk at Napanee, is under arrest on suspicion of being the murderer of Angus McLeod, who was shot dead in his own house.

Rev. Canon A. X. Boulard has been appointed vicar-general of the diocese of St. Hyacinthe in place of Rev. Abbe Grave, who becomes cure of Beloeil.

The four-year-old son of Alfred Nelson, of the Kingston road, Toronto, was kicked in the stomach by a horse and fatally injured.

An action for $10,000 damages for alleged libel has been taken against J. W. Curry, city crown attorney of Toronto, and against Staff Inspector Archibald for their utterances in reference to the Toronto Times, a weekly sensational paper which the local authorities are endeavoring to suppress.

The commission appointed in the case of Regina vs. Conolly et al. to proceed to New York for the purpose of examining E. Murphy, has failed to secure any evidence. Murphy positively refuses to give testimony. It is said New York lawyers have the case well in hand and will cite Murphy for contempt of court.

For some days past there has been a serious outbreak of epidemic fever in Carleton Place. Half a dozen deaths have occurred from the disease within a week, the symptoms of which baffle the local doctors.

The Anglican Northwest delegation met and presented a congratulatory address to Bishop Machray on his elevation to the primacy and his appointment as archbishop. The synod has decided to meet in Winnipeg in September, 1894. It will probably adjourn on Thursday.

Rev. E. B. Nichols, D. D., for 45 years rector of the England parish of Liverpool, N. S., is dead, aged 72 years.

Dalton McCarthy is holding a conference with his supporters and arranging for a fall campaign.

There is a tremendous increase in the assessment roll of Montreal this year, the figures in round numbers being $188,000,000, as compared with $136,000,000 last year.

The English youth Thomas, who was suspected of having set fire to the Martin homestead, near Listowel, has been captured. He acknowledges having shot old Mrs. Martin and then set fire to the building, consuming her body.

The Dresden Canning & Packing Co.'s factory, employing 60 hands, was burned.

UP BARCLAY SOUND.

Happenings in and Around the Settlement of Alberni.

Alberni, Sept. 18.—Last week we had lovely weather, but to-day the rain is coming down freely, most probably from equinoctional disturbance.

The Maud has just arrived after a rough passage up the coast. She had to run in to San Juan for shelter.

A lot of prospectors have come in and are preparing for the mountains. Some have returned after locating good ground for sluicing on one of the creeks.

It is announced in one of the Victoria papers that F. C. Gamble, C. E., and party have gone up Cowichan Lake from Lower Nitinat Valley to locate a telegraph line to Cape Beale—a most foolish scheme, and another Alberni-Cowichan trail, dodge to spend the public money uselessly. Why in the name of common sense can't they keep the telegraph along the road to Alberni? This road is traversed four times per week by the mail carrier, but who would traverse along Cowichan lake? Not one person in four months in winter. But perhaps they are going to put a submarine wire in the lake. If so, then why not make it a few miles longer and lay it down the Alberni canal direct and do away with all further trouble of falling trees, etc.? From Alberni by land there is already a good trail to China Creek, and very little more expense would carry it to the head of Nitinat valley, and along this road (the direct one to the gold region) people will be constantly passing; but from the end of Cowichan lake to the Nitinat no one will go that way except sent specially by the government. Alberni is the central position and the telegraph line there ought not to be delayed any longer.

Millinery Display. Ladies you are respectfully invited to our millinery opening on Tuesday, Sept. 19th. Lansdowne House, 86 Yates street. Newest styles, latest shapes from the eastern markets. J. Partridge.

The revenue for the two months ending August 31 was $6,047,698; expenditure, $3,885,643; surplus, $2,062,050. For the corresponding period last year the revenue was $6,030,517 and expenditure $4,149,440. The net debt on August 31 shows a decrease of $2,821,827 since June 30.

The United States Behring Sea squadron is to rendezvous at Sitka on Oct. 2nd, preparatory to returning home.

Opium seizures were made at San Francisco Saturday on both the Montserrat and Empire.

Another cotton company is seeking incorporation, with headquarters at Ottawa; capital, $250,000.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report. Royal Baking Powder ABSOLUTELY P[illegible]

CURLING IRONS AND HEATERS

We have several styles of each, with prices to suit the times.

COCHRANE & MUNN,

Prescription Druggists, Cor. Yates & Douglas Sts

In Token of Appreciation.

E. J. O'Sullivan, head of the Victoria Business College, was presented last night by his pupils with a magnificent gold and diamond locket and an address.

Mr. O'Sullivan made a suitable reply.

Millinery Display.

Ladies you are respectfully invited to our millinery opening on Tuesday, Sept. 19th. Lansdowne House, 86 Yates street. Newest styles, latest shapes from the eastern markets. J. Partridge.

An Apology.

We have to apologize for the mess made of Messrs. Russell & McDonald's advertisements which appeared in yesterday's issue. The rudder chains of our type machine fouled with some language used by the operators. This caused the errors. The advertisement appears in correct order in this issue.

Crowned With Success.

By improving the kitchen and dining-room service of the Vienna Cafe, Wilson block, Yates street, the experienced manager, in spite of dull times, has succeeded in more than doubling his business since he took charge three months ago. Lunch is served from 12 to 2 at 35 cents; with beer, 50 cents. Dinner from 5.30 to 8 p.m at 50 cents; with wine, 75 cents. Board by the week (three meals a day), $5. Meals a la carte at all hours up to 8 p.m.

Looks Like Success.

There are already over 100 names on the Merchants' Exchange Club list. The names include the most prominent professional and business men of the city. The directors of the Board of Trade building association meet at 11 o'clock Friday morning to consider the list, and a meeting of the subscribers to the new club will be held at an early date. The rooms of the club will be fitted up in first-class style. The promoters expect that over 300 names will be attached to the list before it is closed.

Russell Escapes.

The case of John Russell, of Tennyson avenue, for ill-treating his wife, came up in the provincial police court yesterday afternoon. The story of the ill-treatment was substantially as told in the Times of yesterday. Russell admitted his misdeeds, the court convicted him to come up for sentence when called upon. This gave him his liberty. The court promised him that if complaint were made within the next year that he would be sent to jail for two months, and Mr. Macrae added that he never broke his promise. Mrs. Russell wanted to drop the prosecution.

The Crown of England.

The following letter to General J. B. Metcalf of the Seattle chamber of commerce explains itself:

Victoria, B. C., Sept. 12, 1893.—J. B. Metcalf. Dear Sir: I cannot find out the speed of the steamship Crown of England, but I reckon she will arrive at Seattle on the 21st, and that is the nearest I can tell. My intention is to meet her at Port Townsend, where she has to stop for the health officer to go on board. From Carmanah Point I expect to get five hours' notice of her approach, but if you or any of our friends will honor us by joining the vessel at Port Townsend you must be on time, for we shall have to rush to get discharged in charter time. Yours very sincerely,

F. C. DAVIDGE.

The Seattle chamber decided to give a reception to the officers of the ship, to decorate all the shipping in the harbor and to have everybody go to the wharf when the ship arrives.

Marine.

The British ship Owenee arrived at PortTownsend on Tuesday night from Yokohama with tea for Tacoma.

The four-masted schooner William Bowden was last evening brought into the harbor to Saywards mill, where she is to take her cargo.

The steam barge Rapid Transit is in from Seattle with 800 barrels of cement for Turner, Beeton & Co. She is discharging at their warehouse.

The steamer Maude is to-day engaged in transferring a big 6-ton gun from the C. P. N. wharf to the dockyard at Esquimalt. The big rifle was received from England via the Allan line and C. P. R. night before last. It is 19 feet long and required a large force of men to handle it. It is a fine piece of work and while on the wharf attracted attention from all who saw it. On the way from Montreal it occupied a car by itself.

The Steamship Umatilla sailed for San Francisco this morning. She had a cargo of miscellaneous freight and these Victoria passengers: W. D. Mansfield, George B. Haynes, R. M. Ordway, Miss H. J. Briedy, Miss Anna McLaughlin, Misses F. A. and C. E. Warden, Mrs. S. W. Fraser, Dr. C. J. Baker and two children, W. H. Fraser, A. Barnes, A. Holmes, J. Williams, John Henshall, B. F. Rogers, J. T. Thomas and wife, J. Carey, wife two children, A. Williams and wife, and Mrs. Wills.

SHORT LOCALS.

Gleanings of City and Provincial News in a Condensed Form.

—The Great Northern railway are now running a through Pullman sleeper service to Chicago.

—A big panther killed at Metchosin this morning was brought in for bounty to-day. It was a male.

—The regular meeting of the Canton Victoria will be held to-morrom (Friday) evening and a full attendance is requested.

—Rev. P. McF. Macleod will deliver a special address to sealers at the Central Presbyterian church on Sunday evening next.

—Harvest home services will be held in St. John's church on Oct. 1st. The ladies will decorate the church and make other arrangements.

—Owing to illness Mr. G. J. Burnett will be unable to meet his pupils to-morrow. Tuition as usual next week. Music studio, 93 Douglas street.

—Now that the municipal year is drawing to a close, there is talk of the revival of the citizens' association. Its creditors think it ought to be revived.

—Tenders are being received by the chief commissioner of lands and works for the erection of a public school building at Strawberry Vale, Victoria district.

—Nearly 100 business men of the city have signed the roll of the Merchants' Exchange Club and it is an assured success. A meeting will shortly be held to perfect organization.

—The flag at the American consulate is at half mast out of respect to the memory of Hamilton Fish, ex-secretary of state, who died several days ago. He was Grant's secretary of state.

—Call on Dr. Findley and have your teeth examined. He makes a specialty of fine gold fillings, crown and bridge work. Prices to suit the times. Office, 86 1-2 Government street, upstairs.

—The ladies of the Centennial Methodist church gave an "at home" last evening at the residence of A. J. McLellan on the Gorge road. There was a large attendance and the affair was greatly enjoyed.

—J. Gerhard Tiarks having recently sold his home on Boyd street, James Bay, has purchased 2 1-2 acres fronting on the Victoria Arm, adjoining N. P. Snowden's property, and will at once call for tenders for a handsome residence to be erected thereon.

—The Times takes great pleasure in calling attention to the fact that the London and Canadian Fire Insurance Company (a home company) was the first to settle the loss sustained at Kamloops. As will be seen in another column Messrs. Prior & Co. return thanks for $5,000 received.

—A Chinese peddlar case is being heard in police court this afternoon by Magistrate Macrae. The case is a test and will be taken into the Supreme Court. The last cases heard some weeks ago were to be used as test cases but the lawyers neglected to give notice of appeal soon enough.

—There was a rumor about town to-day to the effect that a family jar at a home near Parson's Bridge had led to the shooting of a woman. The police, neither city nor provincial, knew anything about the story. It was reported that the wounded woman had been brought to the city for medical care.

—The Ladies' Aid Society of St. Paul's Presbyterian church are sparing no effort to make their third annual sale of useful and fancy work on Tuesday afternoon and evening next the most successful they have yet held. Luncheon will be served from 5 to 8. The proceeds of all the ladies' work will go towards the building fund of the church.

—A young girl hailing from the Sound, who has been leading a life of shame while in Victoria, was last night taken to her home by her aged father, who secured her through the aid of the police. The poor aged parent sobbed piteously when he met his abandoned child, but the girl appeared to take the meeting very coolly. She was little more than a child.

—The Great Northern Railway is now running two through sleepers daily between Seattle and Chicago. The run between St. Paul and Chicago is made over the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul, with which the Great Northern has made a traffic arrangement. The uninterrupted service between Seattle and Chicago will be a great thing for the Great Northern.

—The Portland Industrial Exhibition will be opened on September 27th and continue until October 28th. The Northern Pacific railway company will sell return tickets, good for seven days, at the rate of $12.20, including one admission to the exhibition buildings. Tickets will be on sale on Monday, Wednesday and Friday of each week during the exhibition.

—The steamer Louise left for the north last night. Among the passengers were Geo. J. Cook, J. W. Hutchins, L. H. Bolton, J. Grieves and Mr. Mitchell of Smith's Inlet and a party of men being sent to Haddington to work in the quarry owned by Hyson, Rudge & Gray. Among the cargo were 20 tons of freight for Smith's Inlet; 20,000 feet of lumber for Kinkolith, and other shipments to different points along the route. The steamer sailed at 8 o'clock.

—The Dominion steamer Quadra, Captain Walbran, arrived in port this morning from Vancouver and the Sandheads. Whilst away the Point Gray Fairway buoy was renewed and replaced in position, the old buoy having dragged into the inlet a short distance. The beacons at the Sandheads have been painted black and the south one near the light house has had a new top put on it, making this beacon as conspicuous as the other. Whilst away the Quadra experienced very wet weather.

—There are two notices on the city hall bulletin board which will greatly please everybody in the big Northern ward. The first is in the minute penmanship of his worship the mayor, and calls a meeting of the council for three o'clock to-morrow afternoon. The second is couched in correct legal phraseology by Ald. Belyea, and reads: "I hereby give notice that at the next meeting of the council I will move That the contract for the construction of the Work Estate drain be awarded to Messrs. McGregor & Jeeves for the sum of $25,323, and that the clerk of the municipal council be authorized to affix the corporate seal of the municipality to the said contract." This all means the early commencement of work on the North ward drain.

—It is understood that Assayer Carmichael will pay another visit to the Alberni gold district next week, and that he will be accompanied this time by Hon. Col. Baker, minister of mines. The latter will look over the district himself. It is said that the first report of Mr. Carmichael, coupled with the other information received from Alberni, have led the department to believe that the discovery is the most important made in the province in the last decade. The department will carefully investigate all matters connected with the district and place trustworthy information before the public. There is little doubt that a wonderfully rich deposit of gold has been discovered. Since the publication of the assayer's report in the Times a number have left for the district, and more will follow soon.

—There was a legion of petty offenders in the police court this morning before Magistrate Macrae. Billy, west coast, Jimmy, west coast, and Annie, Fort Rupert, all Indians found full of fire water, were fined $5 each, with the option of twelve days in jail in each case. Wm. Bradley, who has made several farewell appearances at the barracks for drunkenness, was fined $10, with the alternative of thirty days in jail at hard work. John Davis, arrested on suspicion of larceny, was charged with vagrancy and the case remanded until Saturday. Wm. Thiemsen, formerly of C battery, was charged with aggravated assault, but was given until Saturday to get his witnesses. The complaint of infraction of the health by-law against E. M. Johnson was withdrawn. For failure to pay a boy in his employ his wages William Beal was fined $2 and ordered to pay the boy $14 by Monday.

—Last night a meeting was held in Emanuel Baptist church, Spring Ridge, to organize another council of the Royal Templars in that neighborhood. The pastor of the church, Rev. Mr. McEwen, acted as chairman. On the platform were George Sutherland, representative of the grand council, R. T. T., who had arranged the meeting, Rev. H. Webb and Rev. J. Coombes, pastor of Calvary Baptist church. These were the speakers of the evening. After a brief address by the chairman an organ solo was given by Mrs. Rogerson, recently from England, which was appreciated by the audience. Rev. Mr. Webb was then called for. He gave eight reasons for being a Royal Templar. It was possible to work better in an organization than singly, and a cheaper insurance could be obtained in the R. T. of T. than in any other society, besides an excellent sick benefit. A man could secure insurance at a lower rate because none except total abstainers were received. Mr. Webb also gave a song, "Heaven Save Your Men." Rev. J. Coombes responded with his usual fiery eloquence, telling many home truths, urging those present to band themselves together for earnest work. Twenty names were handed in signifying willingness to form a new council, and the work of organizing will be proceeded with as early as possible. The meeting was brought to a close by singing the hymn "God be with you till we meet again."

A BIG HAUL.

Over $2000 Worth of Sealskins Stolen From the Schooner Ocean Belle.

Some time during last night one of the hatchways of the schooner Ocean Belle, lying at Grant's wharf, was forced open and 177 sealskins stolen. The schooner arrived yesterday and went to Grant's wharf. Last night the cabin was securely locked and the hatches closed down. Capt. O'Leary did not sleep aboard but discovered the theft this morning. The skins could hardly have been carried away by one man. The case was immediately placed in the hands of the police and Richard Hall, owner of the schooner, offered a reward of $100 for the recovery of the skins and the arrest of the thieves. The skins were worth $2,000. They will undoubtedly be recovered, as it is impossible for the robbers to dispose of the booty without being caught, for the local buyers and handlers of skins know just where every pelt on the market comes from.

The robbery was more than likely the work of some of the crew, and it is probable the police will make some arrests before night.

A boat belonging to Wm. Munsie was stolen last night and it is supposed it was used to convey the sealskins away from the Ocean Belle. It has not yet been found.

UNSIGHTLY SHACKS.

Terminal City Has Not an Eyesore—A Slippery Australian.

Vancouver, Sept. 21.—Orders have been made in the supreme court to remove 51 shacks from the foreshore of Burrard Inlet.

C. A. Sinclair, a young man who arrived here by the Warrimoo, almost victimized a real estate broker here by agreeing to purchase shares in a company and asking a loan while he got the draft through the bank. He left the city when the scheme was found out.

George Head, aged 25, was found dead in a shack near the power house, Westminster, yesterday morning. The jury returned a verdict of death from suicide.

Vancouver and New Westminster will play lacrosse here on Saturday. These two teams now confidently expect to go to California and Portland toward the end of next month.

W. B. Carpock has been appointed delegate from Langley to the Kamloops convention.

SPENCER'S ARCADE

Just a word about our New Dress Goods, which are Better Value than ever

We have a line of double width Serges at 33c. a yard, all colors, and three splendid lines at 50c.—one an all wool Fancy Hop Sack, another an all wool Whipcord Serge, and the other a Fancy Shot Material. These are much under value, and anyone wanting an inexpensive Dress cannot do better than buy one of these nice new stuffs. At 75c., 90c. and $1 we have also good stylish lines, while at $1.25, $1.50 and $1.75 we show a very varied assortment of the Latest Novelties—all short lengths.

THE JACKETS AND CAPES are going off splendidly. Everyone says: "How stylish they are! and "Oh, how cheap!"

D. SPENCER, Government St.

HOW WILL IT DO?

Rev. Mr. Macleod's Adherents Ask to Establish a New Congregation.

At the First Presbyterian church yesterday afternoon the McLeod matter was again brought up. The shape it took this time was the hearing of the prayer of certain petitioners, adherents of Rev. Mr. McLeod, asking that they be granted leave to establish another Presbyterian congregation in Victoria, to be known as the Central Presbyterian church. The petitioners, some 150 in number, were represented by three of the number, who were examined by the special committee appointed by the Nanaimo synod to deal with the affair. Certain members of St. Andrew's and the First Presbyterian church were also present and were occasionally called upon for information. The report will be made to the Presbytery, which meets in the First Presbyterian church Wednesday, Oct. 4th. The application of the new church will then either be ratified or rejected, and upon this depends a great deal. The adherents of Rev. Mr. McLeod think the petition will be ratified and that matters will then go on smoothly. It is thought by others that the report will affirm that the petitioners did not show that the congregation proposed to be established would be self supporting and that the establishment of the new church would not redound to the interest of Presbyterian in Victoria. There are many adherents of the ex-pastor of St. Andrew's who are determined to stand by him and have him preach to them, and who have hinted that if he cannot preach in a Presbyterian church properly sanctioned he will preach whether or not. The adherents of Mr. McLeod say that their congregation is continually growing and expect still more support. The present church occupied by them has been rented for one year, and the congregation already feels itself strong enough to offer Mr. McLeod a stipend of $1,800 a year.

Between 30 and 40 persons were present at the meeting of the Presbytery held in the First Presbyterian church this afternoon to deal with the charges preferred against Rev. Mr. McLeod, late of St. Andrew's Presbyterian church, Moderator Macrae of Nanaimo led in prayer and a hymn was sung. The charges were that Rev. Mr. McLeod had held meetings in the old Methodist church, notwithstanding the protest of the Presbyterian ministers of Victoria. Rev. Mr. McLeod is also charged with issuing demits to members of St. Andrew's congregation after he had ceased to be pastor. The demits, according to Presbyterian church law, entitle a member of a congregation to withdraw from that congregation and join any other congregation. Correspondence in connection with the affair was read by Clerk of the Presbytery McRae. The protest against Rev. Mr. McLeod holding services was signed by D. McRae, Dr. Campbell and A. B. Winchester. Upon these grounds the present meeting was held. The action of the moderator in calling the meeting was sustained by resolution.

Rev. Mr. McLeod said that the moderator was the only minister present and a member of the Presbytery who was not personally interested. He suggested that the discussion of the matter be postponed till the meeting of the Presbytery the first week in October. If the meeting went on he would object to the meeting and appeal to a higher ecclesiastical court.

The moderator said that he could not stop the meeting.

Clerk of Presbytery Macrae replied that the presbytery was duly constituted and the objections of Mr. Macleod were not good. The members of the presbytery were present in a judicial capacity, not as partizans. He regarded the remarks of Mr. Macleod as an attack on the unity of the presbytery.

Rev. Mr. Macleod replied that according to church law a party accused has a right to appeal at any time. The names in the remonstrance calling the meeting were members of the presbytery. He would be supported by the whole church in the matter.

Dr. Robertson pointed out that the only other three members of the court would cease to be members of the presbytery at the end of the month.

Rev. A. B. Winchester resented the insinuation against the presbytery that they were of biased mind.

Rev. D. McRae said that Mr. Macleod should be called to the bar of the presbytery.

Moderator McRae called Mr. Macleod to the bar.

Rev. Alex. Shaw asked if Mr. Macleod was under the control of the presbytery, and the moderator replied that he was within the bounds of the presbytery.

WORLD'S FAIR SWEEPSTAKE

Entrance Fee $1.00

To be Drawn on SATURDAY, September 23

PRIZE, $150, Less 10 per cent.

TICKETS AT MORRIS', COLONIST BLOCK.

2480 Pairs Guaranteed Kid Gloves Per Express

The Ladies of Victoria will be pleased to know that we are in receipt of a large shipment of our Celebrated Kid Gloves—Every pair guaranteed. Although there has been a considerable advance in price by the manufacturers, we will continue to sell them at $1.25 per pair, in plain and embroidered backs. A beautiful, soft Kid Glove, equal to the best $1.50 glove sold in the city.

The Westside.

J. HUTCHESON & CO.

Aluminum Alloy Composite

HAS GIVEN ENTIRE SATISFACTION TO

Iron, Steel and Brass Founders

2 1-2 per cent. added to mixtures of cheap, low-grade metals gives 30 per cent. increased strength, makes hard metal soft, sound, and non crystalizing, prevents blow-holes and sponginess.

Aluminum Alloy unites copper with iron and lead, with iron and copper, reretofore considered an impossibility.

Price, $5 per 100-pound box, $28 per barrel of 700 pounds, or $80 per ton.

Book containing government official report of tests made at Rock Island arsenal, and other indisputable testimonials from foundrymen, sent free upon application.

The Hatsfield Furnace and Refining Co., Newport, Ky.

se20

THE UMBRINA HOME.

She Killed 2454 Seals—A Rough Voyage to Yokohama.

The sealing schooner Umbrina, Capt. Campbell, one of the high line boats of the fleet, returned to port last night. She took a total of 2,454 skins for the season, placing her very near the top in the list of catches. "I never expected to make any such a catch," said Captain Campbell to a Times man this morning. "It was April 20 before I lowered a boat at all, and when I left Yokohama I did not have a skin aboard. The trip across was a terrible one. I met a succession of heavy gales and storms. Two men, Daniel McDougal and George Jackson, were washed overboard and drowned. We were unable to do anything to save them. The schooner was badly shaken, the rigging strained, sails torn and every boat smashed when we reached Yokohama. We were soon among the seals after leaving Yokohama, and killed 1,800. These I shipped home. We also had great luck around the Copper Islands, taking 630 there. I spoke the Sallie Turpel in August with 1,400 and the Agnes Macdonald early in August, when she had only 170 for her Copper Island catch. I had a good run across the Pacific, sighting the cape in 14 days, but was delayed in the straits by calms and contrary winds.

The schooner Theresa, Capt. Lorentz, with a catch of 845 sealskins, also arrived in last night. She was delayed for several days in the straits through lack of wind and breezes that were contrary. Her crew have nothing of importance in the line of late sealing news to report. The Theresa and Umbrina are discharging skins this afternoon.

MEETINGS TO BE HELD.

The Esquimalt and Nanaimo Railway Company

NOTICE.

The annual general meeting of the shareholders of the company will be held at the company's office, Victoria, on Wednesday, the 4th day of October next, at 11 a.m.

CHAS. E. POOLEY, Secretary.

Dated at Victoria, 29th August, 1893. a29-td

The Union Colliery Company of British Columbia, Limited Liability.

NOTICE

The annual general meeting of the stockholders of the company will be held at the company's office, Victoria, on Wednesday, the 4th day of October next, at 11 a.m.

CHAS. E. POOLEY, Secretary.

Dated at Victoria, 29th August, 1893. a29-td

Steam to LIVERPOOL, Direct.

The British Steamship "GRANDHOLM"

MASSON, MASTER,

Will load on Fraser River and at Victoria during September for Liverpool direct and will have quick despatch. The bulk of cargo is engaged, but a limited quantity of space is available. Applications for freight room must be made to the charterers,

ROBERT WARD & CO., LT'D L'B'Y,

Offices Temple building, Fort st., Victoria. Sept 5, 1t

SPECTACLE WEARERS

Who appreciate the value of their Eyesight, and the comforts derived from properly fitting glasses, go them from the

ONLY OPTICIANS

In British Columbia,

F. W. Nolte & Co.

37 Fort Street.

TO LET

The Directors of the Provincial Royal Jubilee Hospital are prepared to let the premises known as the French Hospital recently occupied by the "Old Men's Home" and situated in Collinson street, on reasonable terms, with immediate possession. For information apply to

H. M. YATES, Secretary.

P. O. Box 551, or care of Yates & Jay, Bastion street.

Victoria, B.C., August 31, 1893. a31-1m

NOTICE

☆ ☆ ☆

WELL DONE our Lacrosse Boys! You won in the East, but I won in Victoria, for I study the comfort of my Customers and sent out more

Paragon Oil Cans

Last month than any other Grocer in the City.

H. SAUNDERS, The People's Grocer.

se15 2w

DR. PRICE'S Cream Baking Powder.

The only Pure Cream of Tartar Powder. No Ammonia. No Alum.

Used in Millions of Homes—40 Years the Standard

HOP GROWING ON THE ISLAND

First Bulletin of the B. C. Department of Agriculture.

VALUABLE ADVICE TO OUR FARMERS

The Land Required—Character of Soil—How and When to Plant—Draining—Capital Outlay for a Hop Garden of Ten Acres.

(By Charles St. Barbe, North Saanich.)

There is a growing tendency at the present day among farmers, and especially among those emigrants possessed of a little capital, who come to the colonies to find a use for that capital which will bring in more bountiful returns than the more antiquated methods of the old country, to plant crops which, by great care and skill, can be made to extract from a few acres almost as great a profit as ten times their number will produce under the ordinary rotation of grass, cereals and roots. Of such nature are hops, and it is the object of this paper to show how they may be beneficially cultivated in the neighborhood of Victoria. In a short sentence this may be summed up by saying that the great natural fertility of the soil, combined with other features which will be mentioned, go far to compensate for the cost at which the produce can be conveyed to the markets of London. At present there is a small local demand, but the neighboring Pacific states of Oregon, Washington and California have so immensely outgrown their local requirements in the production of hops that it is not necessary to think of any market but that of England. This paper is not intended to be a full treatise on hop culture, but is merely a description of what is necessary to be done in order to establish a garden. Some English readers will perhaps excuse the mention of the fact that a dollar is practically four shillings—five go to the pound sterling.

Hops have been cultivated at Saanich, some 18 miles from Victoria, successfully for a number of years, and from the samples that have been turned out there is no doubt that hops equal to, if not surpassing, the best "Pacifics" can be had are grown in this district. Long before the Canadian Pacific railway connected British Columbia with the rest of the world, hops were grown at Saanich, but either from the extreme sobriety of the people of Victoria (then the only market) or from their insatiable desire for more ardent potations than were afforded by John Barleycorn and the golden hop, the growers were unable to sell their hops and many gardens went out of cultivation. Of those few that are left the owners do not seem to have reaped the benefit they should have done, and this may be accounted for by their delay in acquiring modern improvements in machinery and implements necessary to secure the best kind of success, and by their failing to avail themselves of the best markets. At present it is not easy to acquire suitable cleared land in Saanich in small quantities, 25 to 50 acres being ample for a hop grower of moderate capital. Most of the farms are about 300 acres in extent, and contain much bush and often useless land. Suitable land can, however, be now and then obtained, and with the growth of the industry, and the increased demand for small lots, holders will probably see the advisability of cutting up their property. As regards price, cleared land can now be obtained at from $100 to $150 per acre. In all probability, suitable land can be found at such places as Cowichan and Comox, where the price is much less. In fact, there is every reason to believe that hops may be grown on any rich, well-drained bottom land in this island.

As pointed out in the concluding lines of the last paragraph, probably any rich soil here will grow hops. It should, however, be absolutely clear of weeds, rocks and roots, so that there may be nothing to interfere with its complete cultivation. A soil which experience has shown to be excellent is fine, friable, alluminous loam, of an average depth of 22 inches lying in a bed of stiff yellow clay, with a gentle slope towards the north. It is absolutely necessary that the soil drains itself quickly, or that it lies in such manner that any water it may retain can be easily drawn off by drainage. The authorities differ on the question of aspect, but the southeast is generally admitted to be the best. And there seems to be sufficient reason for this from the fact that the morning sun brings more health and strength to plant life than the sun in any other time of the day. It may seem at first sight that as long as there are no trees or other obstructions to its rays, the sun will shine just as much upon one piece of land as upon another, but it is not so. It is difficult to explain the reason of this without a diagram, but it is as follows: Take a board one foot square and place it in such a position that its plane is at right angles to the rays of the sun. It is now obvious that the board receives all the rays of the sun that there are in one square foot. Now incline the board backwards until it is at an angle of 45 degrees with the rays and it will be seen that only half the rays that there are in one square foot fall upon the board. The more inclination given to the board the less amount of rays fall upon it, and if the motion is continued until the side of the board nearest the sun is elevated above the side furthest off, actually no direct rays will reach it, only reflected rays, and they are absolutely useless for hops. A considerable amount of water is used in spraying, and it is convenient to have the supply adjacent to the field. The garden should be rectangular, square if possible, and must be securely fenced.

As soon as possible in the autumn the land should be deeply ploughed and harrowed several times in different directions, until the soil is brought into good tilth. Any weeds that may be torn out by this process should be raked into heaps and burnt, and if any rocks or large stones or roots are found they should be removed, as from this time forward all the operations of cultivation are necessarily hampered by the presence of the plants themselves. If the surface of the ground is very uneven it should be graded, that is to say, hillocks or hummocks should be removed and hollows filled up. The future cultivation of the garden can be carried on with much greater ease and success on an even surface than a rough one; in fact some of the implements used, such as a spraying machine, cannot be worked on very rough ground. In all probability any piece of ground that may be selected will require to be drained; in fact it may be said that drainage in a greater or less degree is a necessity, and this work may now be carried out, but it is better to wait until the plants are in, for two reasons; first, because it is better to plant the hops before the winter rains set in, and secondly because after they are in the drains themselves can be carried between the rows, which permits of any repairs that may be required in the future being effected without disturbing a root. It may be added that during the winter it is more easily seen where the drains are required. The method of draining will therefore be explained in its proper place.

Having finished the work of ploughing and harrowing the next process is marking out the ground, and this requires to be done with great care, because it will be found much more easy to work the garden if the lines are absolutely true and straight. Nor can mistakes be rectified afterwards, for a root once planted remains practically where it is for all time. There are gardens in England now that were planted more than 300 years ago. We will suppose that the field is rectangular, or nearly so, and that one at least of its sides are straight. The necessaries for marking out are, first a piece of thin wire equal in length to the shortest side of the field, that is to say long enough to stretch across it, but if the field is say more than 150 yards in every direction it would be better to mark it in two lengths. Anyhow, provide first a piece of wire of not less than 100 yards in length and attach a round piece of wood at each end for a handle. On the wire at distances of seven feet apart attach tags of string or rag, secured in their places by white lead. Secondly provide short sticks a foot long to the number of about 900 to the acre. These may be readily split out of any old pieces of rails or other cedar wood. Opposite one end of the longest straight fence and at 14 feet from it put a peg in the ground. This peg, which may be called A, should also be 14 feet from the fence at right angles to the first. Then at the other end of the longest fence put another peg 14 feet from it, which may be called B. Now take the end of the wire and hold it at A and let the other end be held at B, or if it is not long enough to reach B "range" the end until it is in line with B, and put in pegs at every seven foot mark along between A and B. Then from A set off at right angle perpendicular to A B. This can be done by getting a piece of string 120 feet long and marking it at 30 and 80 feet. Hold both ends at A and lay the mark at 30 feet along the line already pegged out. Then holding the mark at 80 feet, draw the loose part out until the other two sides are tight, and put in a peg where the mark at 80 feet comes, and call it C. C A will then be at right angles to A B. Now holding one end of the wire at A, stretch it along A C so that its farther end is in line with C and put in pegs at every mark. Then take the wire and, holding one end at B, stretch it along at right angles to B A and put in a peg at the end, E. Then stretch the wire between E and D and (beginning at D) put in pegs every seven feet. It is now easy to stretch the wire across the field from the pegs in A B to the pegs in D E and peg off the enclosed ground. The process is easily repeated all over a very large field when once the first rectangle is correctly laid down. The lines of pegs will serve as guides. Fourteen feet at least must be left as a "headland" on every side of the field.

Hop cuttings can be obtained from Messrs. E. Meeker & Co., of Puyallup, Washington, at $5 per thousand, which are quite as good as bedded sets. To the first cost must of course be added freight and duty. Two cuttings at least are put to every hill, so that not less than 1800 or say 2000 per acre must be got. Before planting, any long, straggling roots, and the ends of old bines, if there are any, must be cut off. Here it may be said that planting may be carried out in the spring if cuttings cannot be obtained in the autumn. Two men can plant from 1000 to 1500 hills per day, according to the condition of the ground, one man carries a spade, and at every peg takes out a square "spit" about six or eight inches deep, and loosens the soil at the bottom; the other man with the cuttings in a basket, carefully plants two (or three, if they are not large) with their heads inclining towards each other, and replaces the peg a few inches from the plants, always on the same side of them, as a guide when poling. Nothing more is now to be done to the plants until the young bines appear in the spring, and in the meantime the farmer's attention must be turned to draining.

DRAINING.

It is almost impossible in a short paper to explain a system of drainage that may suit all lands, but the first thing to do is to make a drain along the highest side of the land to catch all water that may flow on to it from other higher places. A drain must also be constructed along the lowest side of the field to receive and carry off all the water from the other drains. This and the first should be connected by another drain running across the field in any natural hollow that there may be, or along one side. This set of three drains may be called "main" drains. Into them are led other drains, cut across the general slope, and at sufficient angles to secure a fall. The number and distance apart of these subsidiary drains depends entirely upon local necessities, but their effect will be seen almost as soon as they are cut, and their number can then be determined. Remember a drain receives the water from the up hill side, and prevents it soaking into the ground below it, where its effects may be looked for. Probably, drains will require to be from 50 to 100 feet apart, and any specially wet hollows may require several little branches to completely dry them. The drains should be of sufficient depth to reach the clay subsoil, and also to allow about a foot of soil above them; they should be about ten inches broad at the bottom. Earthenware pipes are of course the best, and where they are used much narrower drains may be cut to receive them; but they are costly, and efficient substitutes may be made of cedar slabs. A slab of about six inches broad by two inches thick is laid on its edge on one side of the drain, and another slab of the same thickness and about ten or twelve inches broad is laid against it, the water running in the triangular space below. Fir boughs, fern, or straw should be laid on them before replacing the earth. The main drains, which must be open or constructed in such manner that they will carry off a large amount of water, should be about six inches deeper than the others, so that their mouths may not be silted up. Drain cutting costs from one dollar to a dollar and seventy-five cents a chain (four rods), according to size and depth, and cedar slabs ten feet long could be got at ten dollars a thousand. If there is a sawmill in the neighborhood, the outside slabs of cedar logs could probably be had for nothing, but it is needless to say that these, being sap wood, will not last as long as those from the centre of the tree. If stones are very plentiful in the land, the drain may be filled with them to the depth of one foot, making a "rubble drain," which will work excellently and last forever.

POLING.

The first year the plants will require short poles, about ten feet long, one to each hill. The second and subsequent years two poles to a hill will be wanted, of from fourteen to sixteen feet long. Cedar poles are the best, but are somewhat difficult to get, and fir are so numerous that it does not much matter if they do not last so long as cedar. Poles should not be more than three inches in diameter at the butts, and not less than one inch at the top. They must be pointed at the lower end. Their cost is from eight to ten dollars a thousand. There are several other methods of poling hop gardens, being arrangements of wires or string carried from post to post, and though they may have advantages they are mainly devices used in England to avoid the expense of poles, and they involve much extra labor, so that, taking everything into consideration, the old-fashioned system of poling is probably the best, and is certainly the cheapest in this country. As soon as the young plants begin to shoot, the poles may be put in position, which is done by a "pitcher," a pointed piece of iron about three feet six inches in length, and with a cross handle of wood. With this instrument one man makes the holes in the exact place occupied by the pegs, which he pulls out, another man following and driving the poles firmly into the holes thus made. Great care must be taken to keep the poles true in line. It will be found that many of the plants refuse to climb the pole, and they must be tied with rushes or "bass," a process that has to be kept going in the garden for some time.

These are the operation required to establish a garden. Many works have been written on the subject, but for further information the reader may be referred to "The Journal of the Royal Agricultural Society of England," Third Series, Volume 4, Part II., No. 14, 30th of June, 1893, published by John Murray, Albemarle street, London. Price, three shillings and six pence. And also to "Hop Culture in the United States," by E. Meeker, published by the author, Puyallup, Washington, U.S.A., price, $1.50.

The following figures may be found useful:

Land cleared and fenced and in good order or planting, 10 acres @ $150	$1,500
Hop puttings, 20,000 @ $5 per M	100
Planting same	25
Cutting drains, say 40 chains @ $1.25	50
Cedar slabs for same	40
Poles, 9,000 short (for first year) @ $8 per M	72
Poles, 18,000 long (for second year) @ $10 per M	180
*Ploughs, harrows, cultivators, &c.	150
Spraying machine and appliances	200
*One pair horses	250
Drying kiln	1,000
	$3,567

*N.B.—If the garden formed part of a farm it would not be necessary to charge the full value of these items to it, as perhaps half the time they would be available for other work.

WORKING EXPENSES.

On an average crop of 1200 pounds to the acre the annual expense, including everything, such as cultivation, depreciation of poles, picking, drying and selling may be estimated at 12 cents per pound, or in round figures $150 an acre. If the owner has his own horses and put in his work as well, a very large portion of this would not be incurred, but taking it as it stands it would represent $1,500 on a garden of ten acres.

PROFIT.

Again, to take the average crop of 1200 pounds and an average price of 25 cents per pound, we get $300 per acre—$3000 for our ten acres—leaving a net profit of $1500, which represents interest at about 42 1-2 per cent. on the capital outlay. It may be added that this estimate of weight per acre, and also of the price, have often been greatly exceeded, and it is certain that with constant attention and careful cultivation a very heavy crop of hops of a quality that would rank higher than those grown in Washington State can be raised in the district of Saanich, in the Island of Vancouver.

"I'm so nervous"—before taking Hood's Sarsaparilla. "I'm so well"—after taking Hood's. Moral—"Be sure to get Hood's."

GILLETT'S
PURE POWDERED 100%
LYE
PUREST, STRONGEST, BEST.
Ready for use in any quantity. For making Soap, Softening Water, Disinfecting, and a hundred other uses. A can equals 10 pounds Sal Soda.
Sold by All Grocers and Druggists.
E. W. GILLETT, Toronto

Best aid to the Amateur, the Artist, and to those fond of a beautiful Home. 36 Colored Pictures given with a year's subscription for only $4.00. Complete instructions and designs given for Embroidery, Wood Carving, China Painting, Modeling, Oil, Water and Mineral Color Painting, and every branch of Home Decoration. No home is complete without this beautifully illustrated guide.

Everyone who sends $4 direct to our office for one year's subscription will get Free, as a Premium, a copy of our exquisite water color fac-simile ——, "Trysting Place," size 27x20 which has never been sold for less than $10, and which makes a most beautiful gift for any occasion.

Sample copy of the Magazine, with 2 Colored Pictures, sent for 20c. Catalogue Free.

THE ART INTERCHANGE CO., 9 Desbrosses St., N. Y.

—THE WEEKLY TIMES—
—THE BEST ADVERTISING MEDIUM.—
—THE WEEKLY TIMES—
—THE BEST ADVERTISING MEDIUM.—

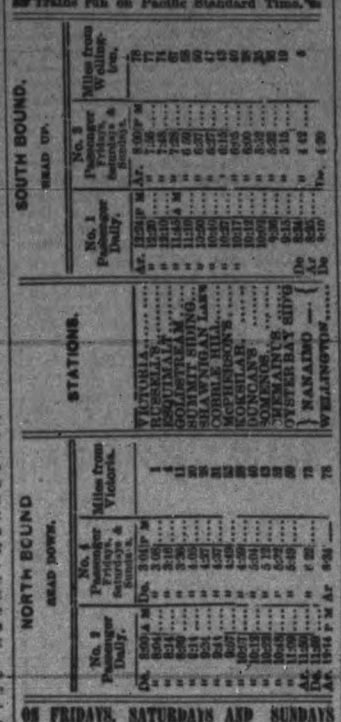
RAILWAYS.

ESQUIMALT & NANAIMO RAILWAY.

TIME TABLE NO 18.

To Take Effect at 8.00 a.m. on Monday, May 1st, 1893.

Trains run on Pacific Standard Time.



ON FRIDAYS, SATURDAYS AND SUNDAYS

Return Tickets will be issued between all points for a fare and a quarter, good to return not later than Sunday.

Return Tickets for one and a half ordinary fare may be purchased daily to all points, good for seven days, including day of issue.

No Return Tickets issued for a fare and a quarter where the single fare is twenty-five cents.

Through rates between Victoria and Comox

Mileage and Commutation Tickets can be obtained on application to the Ticket Agent, Victoria Station.

A. DUNSMUIR, President. JOSEPH HUNTER, Gen'l Supt.
H. E. PRIOR, Gen. Freight and Passenger Agent.

CANADIAN PACIFIC NAVIGATION CO., (LIMITED).

TIME TABLE NO. 21,
Taking effect August 22nd, 1893.

Vancouver Route.

Victoria to Vancouver daily, except Monday at 2:30 o'clock a.m.
Vancouver to Victoria daily, except Monday, at 15:15 o'clock, or on arrival of C.P.R. No. 1 train.

New Westminster Route.

Leave Victoria for New Westminster, Ladner's Landing and Lulu Island, Sunday at 20 o'clock, Wednesday and Friday at 7 o'clock. (Sunday's steamer to New Westminster connects with C.P.R. train No. 2 going East Monday.)
For Plumper Pass Wednesday and Friday at 7 o'clock.
For Pender and Moresby Islands and Sidney Friday at 7 o'clock.
Leave New Westminster for Victoria, Monday at 15 o'clock; Thursday and Saturday at 7 o'clock.
For Plumper Pass Thursday and Saturday at 7 o'clock.
For Pender Island and Sidney Thursday at 7 o'clock.

Northern Route.

Steamships of this Co. will leave for Pt. Simpson and intermediate ports the 1st and 15th of each month at 18 o'clock. When sufficient inducements offer will extend trips to West Coast points and Queen Charlotte Islands.

Barclay Sound Route.

Steamer Maude leaves Victoria for Alberni and Sound ports on the 1st and 15th of each month.

The Company reserves the right of changing this time table at any time without notification. JOHN IRVING, Manager.
G. A. CARLETON, General Agent.

PACIFIC COAST S. S. CO'Y

Dispatch a steamer
Every 5 days for San Francisco
Carrying Her Majesty's Mails
FROM OUTER WHARF AT 11 A.M.
Umatilla - - - Sept. 22
R. P. RITHET & CO., Agents.

CANADIAN PACIFIC RY.

The Great Overland Route
QUICKEST AND SHORTEST
To All Points East and South.
UNSURPASSED SCENERY ROADBED EQUIPMENT.
No dust, through Pullman Cars and elegant Tourist Cars on all trains.

Special Through Rates

To and from any part of Europe by all transatlantic lines.
Intending travellers should take advantage of the very low rates offered by the C.P.R. to eastern points.

Banff National Park Excursion Tickets

Good for 60 days to Banff and return during summer months,
$ ONLY $30 00
Grand fishing and shooting. Okanagan Lake, Kootenay. Steamer "Aberdeen" running from Okanagan Landing to Penticton Monday Wednesday and Friday.
For further particulars apply to
G. L. COURTNEY, Agent C.P.R., Cor. Government and Fort streets.
GEO. McL. BROWN, Dist. Passenger Agent, Vancouver.

THE
Northern Pacific
RAILROAD
Is the line to take
TO ALL POINTS EAST AND SOUTH
It is the Dining Car Route.
It runs Two Through Vestibuled Trains
Every day in the year to St. Paul and Chicago (no change of cars) composed of
PALACE CARS, SMOKING,
PULLMAN DRAWING ROOM SLEEPERS, of latest equipment.
TOURIST SLEEPING CARS, best that can be constructed, and in which accommodations are Free to holders of First or Second-class Tickets, and
ELEGANT DAY COACHES
A Continuous Line connecting with all lines affording direct and uninterrupted service.
Pullman Sleeper Reservation can be secured in advance through any agent of the road.

THROUGH TICKETS

To and from all points in America, England and Europe, can be purchased at any ticket office of this Company.
Full information concerning rates, time of trains, routes and other details furnished on application to any agent.

Puget Sound and Alaska Division.

SPEED	Victoria Route.				TONNAGE
15 knots	S.S. "CITY OF KINGSTON."				1117
8 00 am	Lv	MI	...*Tacoma...	110	Ar 5 15 am
10 15 am	Lv	28	....Seattle....	82	Lv 3 00 am
1 30 pm	Lv	72	Pt. Townsend	38	Lv 11 45 pm
4 30 pm	Ar	110	...Victoria†...	34	Lv 8 30 pm
Port Townsend Mail Route.					
	Lv	MI			A
11 00 pm	Lv	28	...*Seattle....	82	Ar 7 pm
12 30 am	Lv	30	.Port Madison	47	Lv 2 10 pm
	Lv	45	...Kingston...	41	Lv
3 00 am	Lv	49	.Port Gamble.	21	Lv 11 00 am
4 00 am	Lv	73	.Port Ludlow.	13	Lv 10 00 am
6 00 am	Ar	86	Pt. Townsend	34	Lv 8 00 am

Steamer City of Kingston makes connection at Tacoma with Northern Pacific trains to and from points east and south.
* Daily except Sunday.
† Daily except Monday.
‡ Daily except Monday.

R. E. BLACKWOOD
Freight and Passenger Agent
Victoria B. C.

A. D. CHARLTON, Asst. Gen. Pass Agent, Washington, Portland

QUICK TIME!!!
TO SAN FRANCISCO
AND
ALL POINTS IN CALIFORNIA,
Via the Mt Shasta Route of the
Southern Pacific Company
The Great Highway through California to all points East and South.
Grand Scenic Route of the Pacific Coast
PULLMAN BUFFET SLEEPERS.
Pullman Tourist Sleeping Cars
Attached to EXPRESS TRAINS, affording superior accommodations for SECOND-CLASS Passengers.
For rates, tickets, sleeping car reservations, etc., call upon or address
TEOS A. GRAHAM, Dist. Pass. Agent, No. 1324 Pacific Ave. Tacoma, Wash.
E. P. ROGERS, Asst. Gen. Pas. and Pass. Agt.

ESQUIMALT & NANAIMO RAILWAY

STEAMER JOAN
J. E. BUTLER, Master.

On and after March 22nd, 1893,
Steamer JOAN will sail as follows:
Calling at Way Ports and freight and Passengers may offer:
Leave Victoria.....Tuesday 7 a.m.
" Nanaimo for Comox.....Wednesday, 7 a.m.
Comox for Vancouver Island every alternate Thursday at.....7 a.m.
Returning same day.
" Comox for Nanaimo.....Friday, 7 a.m.
" Nanaimo for Victoria.....Saturday, 7 a.m.
For freight or staterooms apply on board, or at the Company's ticket office, Victoria at ... Store street

THE OCEANIC STEAMSHIP COMPANY

Carrying United States, Hawaiian and Colonial mails, will leave the Company's wharf, 100 Folsom street,
For Honolulu, Auckland and Sydney without change
The Splendid New 3,000 ton Steel Screw Steamer
Mariposa.....Thursday, 19th Oct., at 2 p.m.
Or immediately on arrival of the English mails

FOR HONOLULU,
S.S. AUSTRALIA (3,000 tons) Saturday, September 30, 1893, 2 p.m.
For freight or passage apply at office, 327 Market street, San Francisco.
J. D. SPRECKELS & BROS. CO., General Agents.
no2

Great Northern Railway

Passengers for Chicago and the East travel via this route.

Passengers leave Victoria daily at 8:30 p.m. for Spokane, St. Paul, Minneapolis, and the East.

Running Buffet cars, with bath room, barber shop, easy chairs, observation windows, library, writing and card tables, smoking rooms, etc., first-class coaches, and free tourist sleepers.

Direct connections made at Wenatchee with steamers to and from Lake Chelan and the Okanogan country. At Bonner's Ferry with steamers from Kaslo, Ainsworth, Nelson, and other points in the Kootenai mining district. At Jennings with steamer for Fort Steele.

Crosses the Cascade and Rocky mountains in daylight. Finest scenery in America, and a line free from dust.

For information, or publications, apply to
G. A. HATTRAY, General Agent, Adelphi Block, Government street, next to Post office.
F. I. WHITNEY, G. P. & T. A., St Paul, Minn.

A Novel
—FOR—
3 1/3 cts.

CHOICE BOOKS almost Given Away to Readers of the
VICTORIA TIMES

The BEST BOOKS by the Best Authors at One-Third of their Value.

The Times' Book Offer

To any Times subscriber who will send us Four of the following Coupons (which may be cut from four issues of the same date, or from four issues of different dates), accompanied by Ten Cents in postage stamps, we will send post-paid by mail Any Three Books to be selected by yourself from the list printed below:—

The Victoria Times Coupon.

Number of the 3 Books Wanted.....
Your Name.....
Your Address.....Street
Town or City.....

Cut out and send to this office Four of the above Coupons, together with Ten Cents, and we will send you post-paid Any Three of the following books:—

No. 1. THE SCARLET LETTER. By Nathaniel Hawthorne.
No. 2. THE MYSTERY OF COLDS FELL; or, NOT PROVEN. By Charlotte M. Braeme, author of "Dora Thorne."
No. 3. UNDER THE RED FLAG. By Miss M. E. Braddon.
No. 4. KING SOLOMON'S MINES. By H. Rider Haggard.
No. 5. AROUND THE WORLD IN EIGHTY DAYS. By Jules Verne.
No. 6. THE CORSICAN BROTHERS. By Alexander Dumas.
No. 7. LADY GRACE. By Mrs. Henry Wood.
No. 8. AVERIL. By Rosa Nouchette Carey.
No. 9. THE BLACK DWARF. By Sir Walter Scott.
No. 10. A NOBLE LIFE. By Miss Mulock.
No. 11. THE BELLE OF LYNN; or, THE MILLER'S DAUGHTER. By Charlotte M. Braeme, author of "Dora Thorne."
No. 12. THE BLACK TULIP. By Alexander Dumas.
No. 13. THE DUCHESS. By "The Duchess."
No. 14. NURSE REVEL'S MISTAKE. By Florence Warden.
No. 15. MERLE'S CRUSADE. By Rosa Nouchette Carey.
No. 16. A STUDY IN SCARLET. By A. Conan Doyle.
No. 17. ROCK RUIN; or, THE DAUGHTER OF THE INLAND. By Mrs. Ann S. Stephens.
No. 18. LORD LISLE'S DAUGHTER. By Charlotte M. Braeme, author of "Dora Thorne."
No. 19. THE ARMORER OF TYRE. By Sylvanus Cobb, jr.
No. 20. MR. GILFIL'S LOVE STORY. By George Eliot.
No. 21. A SCARLET SIN. By Florence Marryatt.
No. 22. THE SEA KING. By Captain Marryatt.
No. 23. THE SIEGE OF GRANADA. By Sir E. Bulwer Lytton.
No. 24. MR. MEESON'S WILL. By H. Rider Haggard.
No. 25. JENNY BARLOWE. By W. Clarke Russell.
No. 26. BEATON'S BARGAIN. By Mrs. Alexander.
No. 27. THE SQUIRE'S DARLING. By Charlotte M. Braeme, author of "Dora Thorne."
No. 28. THE RUSSIAN GIPSY. By Alexander Dumas.
No. 29. THE WANDERING HEIR. By Charles Reade.
No. 30. FLOWER AND WEED. By Miss M. E. Braddon.
No. 31. NO THOROUGHFARE. By Chas. Dickens and Wilkie Collins.
No. 32. THE GREAT HOGGARTY DIAMOND. By W. M. Thackeray.

The above books are well printed and bound in paper covers. They are sold regularly at retail for ten cents each, so that our offer enables our readers to buy them at one-third of their value. It is a chance to secure standard works of fiction at merely nominal cost.

One of the above coupons will be published in every issue of the Times until further notice. Cut out and save them until you have four, when they can be sent to the office and the three books of your selection obtained. Then you can again save the coupons until you have four more when you can secure three more books, and so on.

We make this liberal offer, whereby some of the best works of fiction in the English language may be secured by our readers for the merest trifle of expense, in order to increase our circulation. Our Present Readers will Greatly Oblige us by Calling the attention of their Friends to the fact that by buying The Times they can secure the advantages of our Great Book Offer. Address:—

(N.B.—Of the stock of books first received, several of the numbers in the above list are exhausted, but another supply will be received in two weeks' time. All orders which include any of the missing novels will be filled pending arrival of new supply. This explanation will account for any delay that may occur in receiving books.)

THE TIMES,
Victoria, B. C.

New Fall Goods: Melissa and Rigby, Waterproofs, Mackintoshes, Overcoats, Winter Suits, Umbrellas, Etc., Etc. Splendid Assortment to select from. Melissa Coats to Measure a Specialty.

B. Williams & Co., CLOTHIERS & HATTERS, 97 Johnson St.

OUR CITY COUNCIL.

The Mohun Investigation Committee Request Cessation of Hostilities.

ALD. ROBERTSON'S OPINION OF MR. M.

The City Council Pass a Resolution for Pure Water in Plenty—The Work Estate Contracts Referred to Committee—Mayor Beaven and the Birds.

The first business done by the city council last night was to pass a resolution of Ald. Robertson's calling for a return of all correspondence and papers re Broad street extension.

Ald. Robertson moved, seconded by Ald. Munn, "That the water works engineer be instructed to prepare a scheme to improve and enlarge the supply of water from Elk Lake and Beaver Lake, the said scheme to include the extension of the 24-inch main, or a main or mains, as he deems necessary, to the head works; damming Elk Lake from Beaver Lake, cleaning out Beaver Lake, bringing water from Elk Lake to filter beds while Baver Lake is being cleaned; building a dam that will raise and increase the supply of water to its reasonable highest capacity; also a complete system of filter beds and a water tower on top of high ground on Cook street, with hydraulic ram and separate pipes to supply the higher levels; to give a detailed statement of all requirements to make the waterworks successful, and also a statement in detail of cost, so that a by-law can be submitted to the ratepayers for raising the funds for carrying out the work."

Ald. Robertson said he brought the matter up now so the engineer would have time to formulate a scheme during the winter and the work be done in the early spring if the ratepayers voted the necessary funds. If the scheme were properly carried out Victoria would have all the water required for house and garden use. He was going to improve the water without the aid of the papers. The papers might know everything about sewage, but the council might be presumed to know a little about pure water.

Ald. Bragg approved of the idea, but suggested that the information asked for by Ald. Robertson from the engineer as to the expense of improvements be made returnable in two months.

Ald. Belyea said there were people who did not believe there was sufficient water at Elk Lake to justify an increased expenditure for distribution. This was the first question that should be considered.

Ald. McKillican said this matter had been considered three years ago, but funds did not permit any action. The question had been raised, Was there enough water in Elk Lake? Hydraulic pressure would have to be used, and why not go to a higher level and do away with the hydraulic pressure?

Ald. Baker wanted a time specified for the report on the subject. He was satisfied that Elk Lake would supply the city with water for 20 years. The water had gone down only 18 inches during the summer.

Ald. Munn aproved of the idea, but thought the suggestions in the resolution had better be left out. He quoted from the report of the engineer that there would not be enough water for the city during the summer. What Ald. Baker had said proved the calculations of the engineer were not correct. He thought Victoria could be supplied for years with ample water from the present source.

Ald. Henderson also thought the return should be made before the present council went out of office. He moved that the information required be furnished on or before December 1 next. The amendment was added and the resolution passed.

The Mohun investigation committee reported as follows:

"We do not find sufficient grounds for instituting an investigation into the manner in which Mr. Edward Mohun performed his late duties of sanitary engineer, more particularly in connection with the McBean contract for construction. Nor do we think that anything which may have been said by Ald. Baker or any other alderman at council meetings was intended to reflect on the character or ability of Mr. Mohun as an engineer, and could not seriously affect his standing unless borne out by the results of his work, which so far as we can ascertain has not been the case."

Ald. Belyea asked if the report also referred to the commissioners' complaint.

Ald. Henderson, chairman of the committee, said the committee was appointed only to inquire into alleged charges made by Ald. Baker against Engineer Mohun. The sewers had so far worked well, and whatever statement fell from any member of the board could not affect Mr. Mohun's standing as an engineer.

Ald. Belyea—Hear, hear.

Mayor Beaven said that the wording of the report did not reflect very flatteringly on the board.

Ald. Munn said there was no reason for the investigation. Engineer Mohun was a public servant, and he ought to expect to be criticized as well as any other public servant.

Ald. Baker thanked the committee for letting him down lightly. He never felt sorry for what he had said and he could prove his assertions. He himself had been severely dealt with by the papers, and asked should not an investigation just as well be held into the newspaper charges against the aldermen? Mohun was too thin-skinned.

Ald. Robertson said the less Mr. Mohun said about the sewerage the better. He had known Mohun for 25 years. He had worked with him, and Mohun knew no more about sewerage than what little he had managed in time to pick up. Mohun went per Pickering's plans, and how Mohun got the job he did not know. Mohun years ago had proposed a scheme of cedar plank sewerage for Victoria, and his opinion of such an engineer was not of the highest.

Ald. Bragg said that the public would not see that some of the aldermen were right about what they said of the sewers. Perhaps it did not suit Ald. Belyea because Ald. Baker did not get it hard enough.

Ald. Belyea objected to the wording of the report in so far as it reflected on the council.

Ald. Munn was tilting back in his chair and whistling in a low tone.

Ald. Belyea—I'll go on when Ald. Munn has finished whistling. (Laughter.)

Ald. Belyea asked if the statement made by Ald. Baker that Mohun was the contractor's engineer instead of the city's engineer did not demand an investigation.

Ald. Baker objected to the statement. He said that he had said not that Mohun was employed by the contractor but that it was his opinion that he favored the contractor.

The report was received and adopted on the following division: Ayes—Ald. Henderson, Styles, Bragg, Munn and Robertson; nays—McKillican and Belyea. Ald. Baker being an interested person, did not vote.

Tenders for the Work Estate sewers were opened:

Robert Binsdale, $28,879; Coughlan & Mayo, $26,244.40; McGregor & Jeeves, $25,323; H. H. McDonald, $28,736; Elford & Smith, $29,560.60; Frederick Adams, $37,738.10; Frederick Adams, $33,438.10.

Adams had two tenders, one of which was not signed.

A long discussion took place as to whether the tenders should be awarded by the council or left to the engineer.

Shall the tenders be referred to the sewerage committee and the city engineer? asked Mayor Beaven.

Ald. Bragg—Where is Ald. Baker?

Mayor Beaven—Ald. Baker is here?

There was a titter.

Ald. Bragg said it was all very well being sarcastic but he thought a third member should be on the committee.

The Mayor had previously said Ald. Henderson and Ald. Belyea comprised the committee.

Ald. Baker wanted Mayor Beaven to be present when the tenders were awarded.

Referred to the sewerage committee and engineer.

Ald. Styles said a pretty pair of Russian eagles had been presented by Mr. Brabazon to the park aviary.

Mayor Beaven said he had always felt sorry for those poor caged up birds and he did not suppose that the eagles would move thanks for being caged up.

Resolution of thanks passed.

Mayor Beaven asked the council if they had considered the matter of the city officials not furnishing bonds and also of the vacancy in the south ward.

Ald. Belyea replied that he would post a notice re the south ward vacancy for Monday. Another member of the council said he had his eye on the other matter. The council adjourned at 9:20.

CROFTER COLONIZATION.

To the Editor: In the Times of yesterday there is a long yarn, but as a Yankee would say, "there's nuthin'tu it." My name is introduced to adorn the tale; if that amuses your correspondent, "it don't hurt I." This writer on "The Crofters" adopts the respectable nom de plume of "Scotchman." I don't think he is a Scotchman, but rather some primitive specimen of the Darwinian theory, in process of evolution. A Scotchman—the real Mackay—is a man "wha fears nae foe." He would disdain, Indian like, to sneak behind a tree to shoot; he comes out boldly with claymore in hand. If there is anything or creature I despise more than another, it is the reptile "snake in the grass," or he who thrusts himself on the public under an assumed name, which very likely he is utterly unworthy to bear. Let this "jack daw" correspondent of yours throw off the peacock feathers and come out, "fair and square, and let us see the real Jack Daw. And then, as he says in his concluding sentence, "I may on another occasion trouble you with a few further remarks on Crofter colonization." It will not be, however, in answer to an "ignis fatuus," or man of straw. In the meantime, in appreciation of the compliment paid to me by the Scottish society in this city, referred to, I subscribe myself in sincerity,

ALEXANDER BEGG,
The Crofters' Friend.

Sept. 21st, 1893.

THE CROFTERS.

To the Editor: I may perhaps be permitted to add a few remarks to those of "Scotchman," which appeared in your issue of last evening. So far as my namesake is concerned I certainly think he has no right to the claim of being the originator of crofter colonization, because long before he appeared upon the scene it had been well looked into and put to a practical test.

In my capacity as general emigration agent in Europe for the C. P. R. a few years ago I had a good deal to do with the work of promoting crofter colonization in Canada, and in the end I came to the conclusion that it would never prove to be a success. I had an illustrated pamphlet descriptive of Canada published in the Gaelic language and circulated freely among the people of the north of Scotland, including the crofters. For upwards of a year I employed a special agent who knew and understood the crofters to go from house to house and ascertain their views on emigrating to Canada. From this agent, a most faithful man in the performance of his duties, I had regular weekly reports, and from these I became convinced that the chief desire of the crofters was an improvement of their condition at home rather than emigration to another land. At the time they hoped the government would step in to their aid and give them more land and better means to obtain a livelihood. The reports also showed that the crofters have an intense love for their native land, and most of them preferred their miserable crofts to leaving Scotland.

While at Inverness on one occasion I met Lord Napier, the chairman of the royal crofter commission, and at his invitation I appeared before that body in Edinburgh and made as strong a plea as possible in favor of crofter settlement in Canada. I was followed, however, by others, who made a most determined stand against the crofters being removed from their islands and hills. The idea was, if I remember aright, that the government should provide more land in Scotland for these people, that a system of migration should be undertaken rather than one of emigration. I found out afterwards that this view of the question coincided more with public opinion in Scotland than did mine, except among landed proprietors and those in sympathy with them. The fact that thousands of acres were devoted to deer forests, many of which were rented out by the season to foreigners, some of whom were Americans, aroused a very bitter feeling when the idea of shipping off the crofters to the colonies when the idea was mooted. It was held that all this land, held merely for the pleasure of the wealthy, should be converted into better use for the benefit of the crofters and others, and that if this were done there would be immediate relief to the congested districts and no necessity for deporting the crofters.

The Gladstone government was not at all in sympathy at that time with the idea of granting aid for emigration purposes any more than it is to-day. The Tory government of Lord Salisbury which succeeded it was, however, of a different way of thinking, because it was more in sympathy with the landlords, and this is how the promised aid to the British Columbia scheme was given. But as there was, during the time I speak of, no prospect of Gladstone going out of power, individual efforts took the place of government aid, and the scheme of Lady Gordon Cathcart was one of the results. I had some little hand in that scheme in preparing a memo. of information on what I deemed to be the best plan for settling the people in Northwestern Canada. The crofters were sent out and everything possible was done for their comfort, not only by Lady Cathcart and her agents, but also by several philanthropic ladies of rank in London. Mr. W. B. Scarth, manager of the Canada Northwest Land Co., was untiring in his efforts to care for these people. In fact, as "Scotchman" says, too much was done for them and their self-reliance was impaired. I fear from what I have heard that the same thing would have happened to the crofter fishermen had they been sent out to British Columbia. If, instead of endeavoring to launch an immense company with a capital of hundreds of thousands of dollars, our provincial authorities had been content with bringing out say a dozen of fishermen families as an experiment and then taken every means to make it a success, it is just possible that the idea of crofter colonization here might have been realised by this time. But too much was attempted at the start, and as a result the whole scheme seems to have been killed. Many people besides "Scotchman" believe that the crofter element in the great commercial company was a very small part of the scheme compared to the real designs of the enterprise. I do not say that it was so, but the idea got abroad, not only here but also in the old country, and that was sufficient to kill it, so far, at least, as the crofters were concerned. The idea of the commercial comptny was a good one outside of the crofter aspect of the case, and there is no doubt the capital employed could have been made highly profitable in many ways. Why not drop the crofter business, at least for the present while Gladstone remains in power, and go on with the commercial company? Surely the success of the scheme, with its proposed capital of, I understand, five million dollars, did not altogether hinge upon the bringing out of a few crofter fishermen. It is true, as you remark in your editorial, that the money to aid the British Columbia scheme was voted, but if I mistake not Gladstone is just the man to find a good reason for not spending it.

ALEX. BEGG.
Not the Crofter.

—The new Japanese drapery crepes and leather paper hangings just opened at Weiler Bros.' are very effective and the prices low for such elegant goods. *

J. B. PACE TOBACCO CO.,
Richmond, Va., and Montreal

NOTICE.

National Electric Tramway and Lighting Co'y,
(Limited Liability.)

All persons are hereby warned not to purchase, receive, or in any manner deal with any share or stock certificates of the above named Company, issued to Charles E. Slater, although the same may bear the endorsement of the said Charles E. Slater, without the written consent of the undersigned or of the said Charles E. Slater, as the said share or stock certificates have been lost or stolen.

BELYEA & GREGORY, Solicitors,
Board of Trade Building.
Victoria, B.C., 18th Sept., 1893. s19-10t

NOTICE is hereby given that 30 days after date I intend applying to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for a timber cutting license of Valdes Island, to cut and carry away timber from the following described land commencing at a post in Deep Water Bay and running southeast 60 chains more or less; thence northeast 60 chains, thence northwest 60 chains; thence southwest 60 chains to place of commencement.

THOMAS PETCH
August 11th, 1893. 81-1m

COAL

The New Vancouver Coal Mining & Land Co., Ltd.

(FORMERLY THE VANCOUVER COAL CO.)

ARE THE LARGEST COAL PRODUCERS ON THE PACIFIC COAST.

THE NANAIMO COAL (Used Principally for Gas and Domestic Purposes.) | THE SOUTH FIELD COAL (Steam Fuel.)

THE NEW WELLINGTON COAL
House and Steam Coal, are mined by this Company only.

The "NANAIMO" COAL gives a large percentage of Gas, high Illuminating power unequalled by any other bituminous Gas Coal in the world, and a superior quality of Coke.

The "SOUTH FIELD" COAL is now used by all the leading Steamship Lines on the Pacific.

The "NEW WELLINGTON" COAL, which was introduced early in the present year, has already become a favorite, especially for domestic purposes. It is a clean, hard coal; makes a bright and cheerful fire, and its lasting qualities make it the most economical fuel in the market.

The several Mines of the Company are connected with their Wharves at Nanaimo and Departure Bay, where ships of the largest tonnage are loaded at all states of the tide. Special dispatch is given to Mail and Ocean Steamers.

SAMUEL M. ROBINS,
Superintendent

THE VICTORIA LITHOGRAPH CO.

The Victoria Lithograph Co.

Upstairs, Corner of Government and Yates Streets,
VICTORIA, B. C.

ALL CLASSES OF LITHOGRAPHED WORK

Maps, Cheques, Drafts,
Bill Heads, Letter Heads,
Note Heads, Labels,
Wedding & Visiting Cards,

Fine Colored Work a Specialty.

VISITING CARDS
Printed from Copper Plates and Stone.

PORTRAITS
Enlarged from small photographs in the best style of the lithographer's Art.

SOME of our Victoria Merchants still send orders to Toronto and other Eastern Cities, in the mistaken notion that they can get it done cheaper. They of course know they cannot get it done better than in Victoria. We are prepared to do the work at Toronto Prices, if orders of the same size are given to us as are given to Toronto houses.

Call and see samples of our work before placing your orders with drummers.

Keep the Money In the Country.

Orders may be left at the TIMES Office.

VICTORIA LITHOGRAPH CO.,
W. R. CREECH, Manager.

THE LONDON & CANADIAN FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY, LT'D

AUTHORIZED CAPITAL STOCK $500,000 WITH POWER TO INCREASE TO $1,000,000

This Company having its Head Office in Victoria, is prepared to do a conservative business throughout the Province; and can accept risks, settle losses, etc., without reference elsewhere. Its business is already greater than any other Fire Insurance Company for the Province alone. FOR THE SECURITY OF THE INSURED it has deposited with the Provincial Government $20,000, and reinsures two-thirds of every Policy issued. Its funds are invested in this country, and it therefore deserves the patronage of British Columbians.

BRANCHES---Vancouver, New Westminster, Nanaimo, Chilliwack and Vernon.

GENERAL AGENTS---THE BRITISH COLUMBIA LAND AND INVESTMENT AGENCY, LIMITED, VICTORIA, B. C. au28-1m

AMERICAN NEWS NOTES

Daily Chronicle of Events in The Great Republic.

Washington, Sept. 21.—The marine hospital service reports no news from the south this morning. The latest reports from the yellow fever district last night showed that the condition of affairs was unchanged. Surgeon-General Wyman received a dispatch from Naples saying there had been 70 cases and 39 deaths from cholera during the last week.

Philadelphia, Pa., Sept. 21.—The executive board of the Knights of Labor and Secretary-Treasurer Hays are at loggerheads. Interesting developments are expected. The board has dispensed with the services of Hays, and Devlin has been chosen secretary until the meeting of the general convention in November. Hays claims that as he was elected by the general convention the executive board cannot discharge him, therefore he refuses to be ousted.

Reading, Pa., Sept. 21.—The Pennsylvania Hardware Works, employing 500 hands, has resumed operations on full time. The works have been in operation only four days a week.

Washington, Sept. 21.—The treasury department announced to-day that it had purchased yesterday, as a result of its counter offer, 285,000 ounces of silver at 74.5 cents an ounce. This makes the total purchases this month 1,480,000.

Leeds, S. D., Sept. 21.—This city was saved from destruction by fire after a hard fight. At midnight the wind was blowing the flames from town.

Indianapolis, Ind., Sept. 21.—Headquarters for delegates to the first national convention of laundry workers of the United States, which commences next week, were opened today at the Hotel English. The convention, it is expected, will take measures to oppose the laundry trust.

Fresno, Cal., Sept. 21.—Judge Holmes this morning sentenced F. O. Vincent to be hanged on Oct. 27th for the murder of his wife.

San Francisco, Sept. 21.—The U. S. S. Alert arrived this morning from Yokohama. The second day out she encountered a cyclone, which smashed her whaleboats and did other minor damage. Fifty tons of coal on deck was jettisoned, so that the week following the coal gave out and she was obliged to sail to port. She brings the body of a seaman who was drowned a year ago and buried at Yokohama. The body was disinterred at the request of Gov. Markham.

San Francisco, Sept. 21.—Ground was broken at the park this afternoon for the Vienna prater of the midwinter fair in the presence of a large crowd. Exercises were opened with music by the Hungarian band, an address in German by Bernard Hoffman and an address in English by M. Greenblatt. Work on the building will be commenced at once and pushed as rapidly as possible.

San Francisco, Sept. 21.—The Sailors' Home to-day sent 14 sailors to the schooner James Nesmith at San Pedro at wages of $20. As the union wages are $30 a very warm reception is expected to be given them.

Chicago, Sept. 21.—The sessions of the national convention of the United Typothetae of America came to an end this afternoon, and after a banquet to-night in the New York State building the delegates will turn their faces homewards. Whatever action has been decided on relative to the expected demand from the printers for an increase of wages, no statement is forthcoming either from officers or delegates beyond the information that the question was informally discussed.

New York, Sept. 21.—A number of supporters of the National Christian Prohibition movement, which was organized in Philadelphia last January, are in conference here to-day regarding the methods to be adopted with a view of arousing national interest in the movement. The call for the conference declares that the Christian church is not living up to what should be its attitude on the liquor traffic, and that it is failing to discharge its full duty towards the evil, and not only this, but through the guilty silence of its pulpit and the unrebuked political subservience of its voting members to the evil it is in practical complicity with it. Since the initial convention the clergymen and others responsible for the movement have been in correspondence with Christian prohibitionists throughout the country, and it is claimed that they have received assurances of abundant support in inaugurating a national campaign.

Chicago, Sept. 21.—By the recent action of the general committee on Irish Day at the World's Fair, Lord Mayor Shanks of Dublin will be placed in a most embarrassing position should he participate in the festivities. He has already accepted the invitation to be present, and this the committee has accepted, but with the demurrer that in view of his recent action at Dublin he must not be asked to speak. Local friends of the Lord Mayor express the opinion that he will remain away from the exercises altogether and simply attend the fair as a private visitor.

Boston, Sept. 21.—Judge Putnam this afternoon ordered a verdict of not guilty in the case of ex-President Potter of the Maverick bank on the ground of insufficient evidence.

San Francisco, Sept. 21.—Arrangements are completed by which the Fidelity Mutual Aid Association absorbs the Life and Emergency of Milwaukee and reinsures its business.

Oakland, Cala., Sept. 21.—The jury in the case of C. R. Bennett, an officer of the Society for the Suppression of Vice, who was shot by the father of a girl he had seduced, brought in a verdict of not guilty after being out five minutes.

Alarmed the Hamburgers.

Hamburg, Sept. 21.—At a meeting of the municipal council yesterday a long and excited discussion arose concerning the water supply of the city having been contaminated, it having been charged that the drinking water furnished the inhabitants had been polluted with cholera infection by a break in the pipes that allowed water from the river Elbe to mix with the pure water. Herr Meyer, chief engineer of the city, admitted that such had been the case, but he declared that the reservoir filter was now perfectly free from inflow from the Elbe.

Death of Young Dyer.

Riverside, Cala., Sept. 21.—Leman Dyer, son of Banker O. T. Dyer, of this city, was accidentally shot by his cousin, Tom Weed, while hunting last evening, from the effects of which he died five hours later. The two were hunting together in the foothills about 15 miles from Riverside, and while ascending a canyon Weed slipped and fell, thus discharging his gun, the shot taking effect in the calf of Dyer's leg, tearing away much of the flesh and making a horrible wound.

Millinery.

See Partridge's window this season for stylish millinery. The Lansdowne House, 86 Yates street, carry the broom. Our prices are what we call hard time prices, down to bedrock.

SPORTING INTELLIGENCE.

Matters of Interest Going Forward in the Sporting World.

THE RING.

FITZSIMMONS IS HAPPY.

New York, Sept. 21.—Bob Fitzsimmons, the middle-weight, was seen to-night. When informed of Corbett's declaration to take on any man in the world should Mitchell refuse to fight, he said gleefully: "I am Corbett's man. I will fight him for the purse offered by the Coney Island Athletic club. This is the chance I have long waited on. I will make a match with Corbett immediately, and bet him $25,000 that I can whip him. I want to fight Corbett because I feel sure that I can beat him. I know I am taking big chances in going out of my class, but I will assume all risks. Mitchell would be a cinch for Corbett under Queensbury rules. He is too small for Jim. Although I say so myself, I think I can give Corbett a much harder fight than Mitchell. Let Corbett say the word and I will sign to-morrow to fight him to a finish."

THE ROD.

CHAMPION FLY CASTERS.

Chicago, Sept. 21.—Experts in fly-casting from a dozen or more states "rounded up" on Walton Island at Jackson Park to-day for the first annual scientific fly-casting tournament for the "world's championship." The casting is being done into the north lagoon, and every contestant has an expert record. The present official record is 102 feet 1-2 feet without weight, or other contrivance on the line except the fly, and it is doubted whether this phenomenal performance can be beaten.

LACROSSE.

HOW THE GAME WAS PLAYED.

The Victorias virtually won yesterday's game despite the fact that it was set down as a draw. During be third game he referee's whistle sounded by mistake. The Victoria men stopped playing while the Shamrocks carried the ball down the field and scored. The referee admitted he was wrong but would not allow a protest made by field captain Cullin. Then in the fourth game a new man was put in, Tansey replacing O'Meara. The latter was only slightly injured, and should have continued. However, the Victorias did not object. After the sixth game there was three minutes of play. The Victorias kept the ball around the Shamrocks flags until the referee's whistle announced time.

The games were scored as follows:

1	Shamrocks	O'Meara	17 minutes
2	Shamrocks	O'Meara	3 "
3	Shamrocks		10 "
4	Victoria	Maxaughton	17 "
5	Victoria	Frost	5 "
6	Victoria	Frost	9 "

The Victoria team will go to Quebec to play on Saturday next, in connection with the demonstration before the Governor-General. Dr. Elder of the Montreal club, who attended to the visitors, was presented by the visitors with a gold-headed cane in recognition of his kindness.

NEXT TUESDAY'S MATCH.

Ottawa, Sept. 20.—Victoria's stock is still booming here, consequent on to-day's match with the Shamrocks. The exhibition people are announcing next Tuesday's match as "the" attraction of the fair.

NO CORNWALL MATCH.

Cornwall, Sept. 20.—Cornwall has declined to put up a guarantee to cover the expenses of the Victoria, B.C., team, which was to play an exhibition game here next Saturday, so the match is withdrawn.

STEADILY PRACTICING.

The Victoria club will be represented at New Westminster on Saturday by a fairly strong team made up of the old timers and some new blood from the second team. The men have practised hard and will play strongly. The say they will give the New Westminsters a surprise.

THE RING.

PUGILIST HOME LIFE.

New York, Sept. 21.—Martin Julien, who is named as co-respondent in Bob Fitzsimmons' suit for divorce, was interviewed last night. "I heard of this divorce only last evening," said Julien, "and for my part I desire to deny everything Fitzsimmons said. Furthermore I will prove that he is a monomaniac on the subject of his wife's fidelity, and that he has accused no less than four persons before he began this suit. Three of these were Thomas Jorman, of San Francisco, Dr. Dyer, of New Orleans, and his old partner, Jimmy Carroll. All I ever did was to make peace between him and his wife, and they were always fighting as I can prove. Fitzsimmons will fight the suit as I will, and when I get through with that red-headed fighter, I'll make him sick. I know enough about him to fix him, and I'll do it. He is an ingrate and nothing else. His wife is living in East 18th street. Fitzsimmons wants to marry another woman and that's the reason he is trying to get a divorce. As to his generosity he says he gave her a house and lot. Well, he did, but the reason why he did so was because he had to place the property in her name to avoid an army of creditors in San Francisco after the failure of his saloon."

AQUATIC.

CANOE CLUB REGATTA.

Next Saturday will be a busy one around James Bay, wen the Canoe Club hold their first annual regatta. A rare list of water sports have been drawn up, the events being among the most popular known. Besides canoe, sailing and paddling races, there will be a greasy pole contest, swimming match, and perhaps a sculling match. For the greasy pole, swimming and other non-club events anybody can enter. Many have done so already. Through the courtesy of the James Bay Athletic Association, that establishment will be brown open on Saturday for ladies who wish to view the sport. Most of the races will finish between the two club houses, so that an excellent view can be obtained from the J.B.A.A. house and surrounding points. The chances of good weather for the regatta are excellent, as the barometer is steadily rising.

YACHTING.

NO SIGNS OF THE VALKYRIE.

New York, Sept. 21.—Although the morning was bright and clear, nothing was seen from Sandy Hook or Fire Island of the Valkyrie. Arriving crafts had seen nothing of the yacht.

General Dispatches.

London, Sept. 21.—The speaker of the house of commons has refused to take any recognizance of the assault recently made in the lobby of the house by Swift McNeill, the Irish M.P., upon Harry Furniss, the well-known caricaturist of Punch, who a few days before had contributed a decidedly uncomplimentary picture of the Irish parliamentarian to that publication. The speaker says that he deeply regrets the incident, but as it did not take place in the house itself, but in the lobby, he is unable to interfere.

Prague, Sept. 21.—The measures adopted by the imperial government to suppress the anti-German agitation which was being carried on by young Czechs, are being enforced with much strictness. The editor of the Weekly Independence, a Radical newspaper, has been arrested and locked up for publishing articles offensive to the authorities. With a view to checking the riots an order has been issued forbidding students to be out of their domiciles after 8 o'clock in the evening.

London, Sept. 21.—The regular weekly meeting was held to-day of the directors of the Bank of England. The rate of discount was reduced from 4 to 3 1-2 per cent.

Madrid, Sept. 21.—The Spanish government has declared quarantine against the ports of Hamburg, Germany, and Hull, England, in consequence of cholera, and has also declared Jersey City, N.J., infected. All vessels which left that city subsequent to August 31st for Spanish ports will be quarantined, and owing to the existence of yellow fever at Tampa, Fla., all vessels that have left that port since August will be quarantined.

PERSONAL.

S. M. Robins went to Nanaimo to-day.

C. H. Dickie of Duncan is at the Oriental.

W. Hacker and wife of Tacoma are at the Victoria.

R. T. Rogers left for San Francisco this morning.

S. D. Schuits has opened a law office at 40 Langley street.

Mrs. L. S. McCulloch, of San Jose, returned home to-day.

Hon. Justice Walkem came down from the Mainland this morning.

Geo. H. Haynes left for San Francisco on the direct steamer to-day.

E. M. Ordway left for San Francisco on the Umatilla this morning.

S. M. Robins of the New Vancouver Co., Nanaimo, is at the Driard.

J. P. Thomas and wife were passengers for San Francisco this morning.

D. M. Eberts, Q. C., M.P.P., left for Toronto over the C.P.R. this morning

L. H. Bolton of Tacoma went north on the steamer Princess Louise last night.

David Patterson, with B. Saunders & Co., has been transferred to the Alberni store.

E. J. Palmer and Arthur Ward are in the city from Chemainus. They are at the Victoria.

Mrs. Planta, Mrs. Bate and Miss Bate of Nanaimo came down from the Mainland last night.

W. D. Mansfield and wife and T. B. Nelson and wife returned to San Francisco this morning.

Rev. Dr. Robertson, superintendent of the Presbyterian Missions, and Rev. D. Macrae returned home last evening from the meeting at Vancouver.

Cannibalism.

Herr Henkenius, in the Deutsche Rundschau, has an interesting paper on the origin of cannibalism, which appears to have sprung up among mankind after they had made a social advance. The lower animals rarely devour their own species, and no traces of the vice have as yet been found among the relics of the paleolithic men. Some have attributed the practice to religious motives, but Henkenius says hunger and the superstition about eating the heart of any other part of an enemy in order to acquire his courage were the original incentives, and that religious motives were a later development. Continental Asia is remarkably free from cannibalism. In Polynesia and Central America it occurs chiefly in connection with religious rites, and in the former the eye of the victim is preferred. In Dahomey the human sacrifices did not lead to cannibalism. The Maoris forbade human flesh to women and viewed with abhorrence the eating of relatives. In many parts, however, the flesh o relatives is preferred. Happily this abominable vice is dying out, owing to the influence of Christian missionaries.

PASSENGERS.

Per City of Kingston from the Sound—E D Boatling, Miss Boatling, Mrs Strubb, J E Strubb, Mrs Williams and daughter, J Hill, T W Strong, B Simon, R Ponten, Bill Haley, L Guthrie, P Rickey, W Hatcher and wife, W Moore and wife, J Bedale, E Harper, A Dixon, A G Hebbard, wife and maid, C E Peabody, O G Thompson, Geo Lawrence, C K Janner, T Derig, E Dryden, Miss Orsborn, Miss Russell, S Reid, W C Ward, Wm Simon, E Davis, Miss I Winslow and sister, Miss Richdale, L Caldwell, R Johnson, E W Ordway, Wm Hainey and wife, A Lomas, R W Jennings.

Per steamer Premier from Vancouver—C Campbell, J D Copland, Miss Parris, W S Gage, Mrs Hardie, Jas Fleming, F Gibson, A Williams and wife, Mrs Browse, F W Mitchell, Mrs Planta, Rev G Robertson, J F Thorn, F B Nelson, J W Mansfield, G Beggin, F Baby, Rev Cannon Paddon, J M Monroe, A E Warren, B T Rogers and wife, John Farrington, W Nettle, P A Afones, Mrs Bate, S A Thompson, W F Downing, Mrs Nelson, Mrs Mansfield, Ben Allek, H Bach, Mrs M C Browne, Justice Walkem, Jas C Ferguson, Miss Rees, A Barns, A Emond, Rev Mr McKenzie, G Finson, Miss Planta, Rev Mr Macrea, W H Fraser, Mrs Fraser, J P Murphy, Mrs Murphy, Misses Kerr, Miss Johnson, G Lang, T Hunter.

CONSIGNEES.

Per City of Kingston from the Sound—M R & Tye, P McQuade & Son, J Partridge, Oppenheimer Bros, Hastings Mill Co, S Leiser, Vict T L Brg Co, C G Hall, R Lipsett, T Brown, J Leckie, G L Mason, T H Hardy, J W McFarlane, M R Smith, Dept of Marine, J Parker, T Saraulis, Leonard & J, Valo & R.

Per steamer Premier from Vancouver—Naval Storekeeper, Vic Plumbing Co, E G Prior & Co, J S Chamberlain, W Jackson, Gilmore & McC, Cavin Bros, Cavin Bros, S Reid, Ames Holden Co, G H Maynard, Hall & Co, H Saunders, Moore & Co, D E Campbell, C Morley, A Phillips & Son, T Houghton, R Ward & Co, J H Baker, W G Cameron, H Walker, Estate Geo Morrison, Cochrane & M, W J Jeffree, S Herson, J Horner, J Isaacs, R McDonald, R P Rithet, B C Journal, Mrs W Bickford, Weiler Bros, H Bay Co, P T Patton, Dom Exp Co.

What Do You Take

Medicine for? Because you are sick and want to get well, or because you wish to prevent illness. Then remember that Hood's Sarsaparilla cures all diseases caused by impure blood and debility of the system. It is not what its proprietors say but what Hood's Sarsaparilla does, that tells the story of its merit. Be sure to get Hood's, and only Hood's.

Purely vegetable—HOOD'S PILLS—25c.

Rifle cartridges, loaded shot shells at Shore's hardware store, 57 Johnson street.

Argyle House

SPECIAL BARGAINS.
SPECIAL BARGAINS.
SPECIAL BARGAINS.
SPECIAL BARGAINS.

14 YARDS CANTON FLANNEL $1.
14 YARDS CANTON FLANNEL $1.
14 YARDS CANTON FLANNEL $1.
14 YARDS CANTON FLANNEL $1.

12 YARDS FLANNELETTE $1.
12 YARDS FLANNELETTE $1.
12 YARDS FLANNELETTE $1.
12 YARDS FLANNELETTE $1.

6 YARDS GREY FLANNEL $1.
6 YARDS GREY FLANNEL $1.
6 YARDS GREY FLANNEL $1.
6 YARDS GREY FLANNEL $1.

12 YARDS TOWELING $1.
12 YARDS TOWELING $1.
12 YARDS TOWELING $1.
12 YARDS TOWELING $1.

15 YARDS WHITE CALICO $1.
15 YARDS WHITE CALICO $1.
15 YARDS WHITE CALICO $1.
15 YARDS WHITE CALICO $1.

WOMEN'S HEAVY BLACK WOOL STOCKINGS 25c. A PAIR.
WOMEN'S HEAVY BLACK WOOL STOCKINGS 25c. A PAIR.
WOMEN'S HEAVY BLACK WOOL STOCKINGS 25c. A PAIR.
WOMEN'S HEAVY BLACK WOOL STOCKINGS 25c. A PAIR.

WOMEN'S BLACK CASHMERE STOCKINGS 25c. A PAIR.
WOMEN'S BLACK CASHMERE STOCKINGS 25c. A PAIR.
WOMEN'S BLACK CASHMERE STOCKINGS 25c. A PAIR.
WOMEN'S BLACK CASHMERE STOCKINGS 25c. A PAIR.

CHILDREN'S HEAVY W'LL STOCKINGS 25c. A PAIR IN ALL SIZES.
CHILDREN'S HEAVY W'LL STOCKINGS 25c. A PAIR IN ALL SIZES.
CHILDREN'S HEAVY W'LL STOCKINGS 25c. A PAIR IN ALL SIZES.
CHILDREN'S HEAVY W'LL STOCKINGS 25c. A PAIR IN ALL SIZES.

GREY BLANKETS $2 A PAIR.
GREY BLANKETS $2 A PAIR.
GREY BLANKETS $2 A PAIR.
GREY BLANKETS $2 A PAIR.

WHITE BLANKETS $2.25 A PAIR.
WHITE BLANKETS $2.25 A PAIR.
WHITE BLANKETS $2.25 A PAIR.
WHITE BLANKETS $2.25 A PAIR.

BED COMFORTERS 75c. EACH.
BED COMFORTERS 75c. EACH.
BED COMFORTERS 75c. EACH.
BED COMFORTERS 75c. EACH.

WHITE LACE CURTAINS 50c. PAIR
WHITE LACE CURTAINS 50c. PAIR
WHITE LACE CURTAINS 50c. PAIR
WHITE LACE CURTAINS 50c. PAIR

A GOOD LINE OF CORSETS 50c. A PAIR.
A GOOD LINE OF CORSETS 50c. A PAIR.
A GOOD LINE OF CORSETS 50c. A PAIR.
A GOOD LINE OF CORSETS 50c. A PAIR.

J. Horner & Co.

A LEADING QUESTION

with us at this time is how we may reduce our stock of seasonable supplies. We must

RUN THE GAUNTLET

of all the drummers with fall goods who are already receiving orders for immediate delivery, and we must have a place to put them on their arrival, hence we are faced with a question the solution of which

BROOKS NO DELAYS.

In order to move our goods rapidly into the hands of consumers we are offering these special prices. A large lot of

WINTER UNDERWEAR
And MACKINTOSH COATS

At ONE THIRD LESS than regular prices.

Cameron,
55 Johnson Street.

Notice---For Cash Only.

On and after September 15th, the Victoria West Coal Yard will sell Coal at the following rates.

Best Wellington (Screened) Coal, $7.00 per Ton. Best Slack Coal, $4.00.

All orders must be accompanied with Cash.

Telephone 212. VICTORIA WEST COAL YARD.

FOR CASH ONLY.

We the undersigned Coal Dealers from and after the 15th inst. will sell Coal at the following Rates:

Best Screened Coal, -	$7.00 per Ton.
do do do -	$2 per 1-4 Ton.
Slack, - - - - -	$4.00 per Ton.

All orders must be accompanied with Cash.

VICTORIA COAL, WOOD & LUMBER CO.,
CENTRAL COAL AND WOOD YARD,
WELLINGTON COAL YARD,
BRODERICK'S COAL YARD,
ROCK BAY COAL YARD,
JANION'S WHARF COAL YARD.

NEW GOODS

For Fall and Winter
Just Received at
A. GREGG & SONS, TAILORS, 62 Yates Street.

BANK OF BRITISH COLUMBIA

(Incorporated by Royal Charter, 1862.)

CAPITAL (With power to increase)	£600,000,	$2,920,000
RESERVE	£270,000,	$1,314,000

HEAD OFFICE: - - - 60 LOMBARD STREET, LONDON, ENGLAND

BRANCHES:

In British Columbia—Victoria, Vancouver, New Westminster, Nanaimo, Kamloops and Nelson, (Kootenay Lake).

In the United States—San Francisco, Portland, Seattle and Tacoma

AGENTS AND CORRESPONDENTS:

IN CANADA—Canadian Bank of Commerce, Merchants' Bank of Canada, The Molsons Bank Imperial Bank of Canada, and Bank of Nova Scotia.

IN UNITED STATES—Canadian Bank of Commerce (Agency), New York; Bank of Nova Scotia, Chicago.

AUSTRALIA AND NEW ZEALAND—Bank of Australasia. HONOLULU—Bishop & Co.

SAVINGS BANK DEPARTMENT Deposits received from $1 upwards, and interest allowed (present rate) at 3½ per cent. per annum

Gold dust purchased and every description of Banking business transacted.

Victoria, B.C., July 1, 1893. GEO GILLESPIE, Manager.

C. E. PERRY, Mem. Inst. C.E., P.L.S. M. S. DAVYS, M.E. H. GRAY, C.E., P.L.S.

PERRY, GRAY & DAVYS

CIVIL AND MINING ENGINEERS

Provincial Land Surveyors, Real Estate & Mining Brokers

Railway Reconnaissance and Location Contracts taken. Estimates Prepared. Prospecting Outfits Organized. Mines Reported on and Always Purchased.

In connection with our Engineering and Surveying Department we are opening up an office at Nelson, in the new famous Kootenay District, for the purpose of handling Real Estate and Mining in all its branches. Our partner Mr. M. S. Davys having resided in the Kootenay country for the past five years, and successfully developed valuable mining properties there has able to furnish reliable information as to location and values of properties.

OFFICES
VICTORIA Room 4, Spencer's Arcade Government Street. NELSON, B.C.

Australian Canned Meats

Luncheon Beef,
Roast Beef,
Roast Mutton,
Pork Sausage,
Etc., Etc.,

IN 1 AND 2 POUND CANS.
PRONOUNCED BY EPICURES AS "EXCELLENT."

ERSKINE, WALL & CO.
Cor. Government and Fort Sts.

Tenders for Purchase

Of the 10-roomed house and lot situate on northwest corner of Johnson and Quadra streets will be received till the 23rd inst., at No. 178 Johnson street, Victoria, B.C. Highest or any tender will not necessarily be accepted. The premises may be inspected between the hours of 10 a.m. and 2 p.m. and 5 and 7 p.m.

FINE FRESH BUTTER

JUST ARRIVED.

R. H. JAMESON, 33 Fort St.

EX S. S. WARRIMOO.

Australian SUGAR

70 Pound Sacks
For Family Use.

DIXI H. ROSS & CO.

THE JAPANESE BAZAAR.

JUST RECEIVED FROM CHINA

Blackwood Tables, Inlaid with Marble, Ivory Chess Men, Napkin Rings, Paper Knives, Sandal Wood Boxes, Fans and Paper Knives. Fancy Baskets, Etc., Etc.

T. S. FUTCHER,
Importer and Retailer.
41 FORT ST., VICTORIA, B. C.

Photographs!

Finest
CABINET PHOTOS
$3.00 PER DOZEN,
FOR ONE MONTH ONLY.
K. FORBES MACKIE,
Photographer, 35½ Government Street